

# **Your Personality**



### Your personality type is ENTJ:

Introversion



# Introversion (I) vs. Extraversion (E)

How we interact with the world and where we direct our energy.

#### Introversion

- Focus attention inward
- Enjoy tasks that require concentration
- Work best on one project at a time
- Work at a careful, steady pace
- Consider things fully before speaking

#### **Extraversion**

- Focus attention outward
- Enjoy a variety of tasks
- Seek out and need other people
- Work at a rapid pace
- Need to talk through their ideas

Sensing iNtuition



## Sensing (S) vs iNtuition (N)

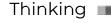
What kind of information we naturally focus on and remember.

#### Sensing

- Focus on "what is"
- Like working with what can be seen and touched
- Apply past experience to solving problems
- Need specific and realistic directions

#### **iNtuition**

- Focus on "what could be"
- Enjoy theory and speculation
- Like thinking about the future and possibilities
- Need to use their imagination





eeling



# Thinking (T) vs. Feeling (F)

Make decisions logically and impersonally, or use personal values.

## Thinking

- Are motivated by achievement
- Enjoy analyzing problems logically
- Make fair and unbiased decisions
- Need to weigh the pros and cons to make decisions
- Can be tough negotiators

#### Feeling

- Motivated by work that is meaningful
- Sensitive to how issues affect people
- Like helping others and being appreciated
- Need decisions to be congruent with their values
- Need to work in a friendly environment



# Judging (J) vs. Perceiving (P)

More structured (finalize decisions) or more spontaneous (keep options open).

#### **Judging**

- Enjoy work that allows them to make decisions
- Prefer a predictable work pattern and environment
- Work towards completing their responsibilities before relaxing
- Like to maintain control of their projects

#### **Perceiving**

- Enjoy flexible and changing work situations
- Like to be able to respond to problems as they arise
- Are more satisfied with fewer rules and procedures
- Need to have fun in their work

### **Your Personality Profile**

Confident and assertive, you speak your mind and always seem to be sure of yourself. While honest and fair, you are also quite outspoken. You have strong opinions and are usually able to convince others that your position is right.

Friendly and comfortable being the center of attention, you probably have a large group of friends. People admire your determination and willingness to push yourself to achieve your very high standards.

A creative person who asks thought-provoking questions, you love to learn but are bored by repetition. You need constant new challenges to remain interested. You are imaginative and like to look beyond everyday routine to really understand why the world operates as it does.

Decisive and organized, you like to be prepared at all times and may find it difficult or embarrassing to try improvising. You like to be in charge, but sometimes take over projects that aren't really yours. You are frustrated by inefficiency and find illogical rules infuriating.

You want to be good at everything you try. You especially like to demonstrate your competence to others. People look to you as a natural leader and are often impressed with your knowledge. Others respect you and feel comfortable giving you a lot of responsibility.

You described your profile as:











Strengths	Challenges
Curious, questioning	☐ Bored by repetition
Creative	May rush to
Motivated, set high goals	conclusions
Eager to learn new and difficult material	<ul><li>Need time to evaluate</li><li>information</li><li></li></ul>
Steady, thorough and methodical	overconfident
Understand abstract and theoretical concepts	Learn best with others
Competitive	Need constant new challenges
Want to impress others with knowledge	
Recommendations	
The following recommendations are based on your resbest for you.	ults. Consider each and select the ones you think would work
starting out with a broad view of an issue or idea, th	ings correctly, and love to master new subjects. You learn best by en examining the theories and assumptions relating to it. Seek ture possibilities, and to apply your creativity and insight to
	presented in an orderly and logical manner. You excel at learning ectures, and like to have access to the most current information
You dislike repetition and routine. Ask your instructor if you can use different methods to complete your assignments. Be prepared to suggest some alternatives. For example, perhaps you could give a presentation or debate an issue instead of writing a paper. If a specific method is required, ask for the reasons why. A logical explanation that makes sense to you can help to make it more acceptable.	

If you don't find your learning material engaging, try to spark your curiosity by discussing the subject matter with experts or reading related articles. Look for ways in which the subject connects to topics you have more interest in. Organize the information in a chart or diagram to make it easier to memorize. View the assignment as a problem to

You learn by questioning, discussing, debating and leading others. While you may need time on your own at first to consider an idea, you refine it through energetic discussion and analysis with others. You like to show people what

competitions. Ask questions in class. Tutor people in a topic you know well. Form a study group or set up projects

If you're having trouble figuring out a solution to a problem and are growing frustrated, take a break and focus on

you know, so think of ways to share your knowledge. Take part in presentations, discussions, debates and

something completely different. Sometimes it can help to concentrate on something else for a while.

be solved and challenge yourself to beat the deadline.

that you can lead.

For Learning Environments	
Seek out a well-respected, academically challenging program with high standards, a good student-to-faculty ratio and top-rated teaching staff. Look for knowledgeable instructors who will encourage you to probe, test and ask difficult questions as part of your learning.	
Your ideal learning environment is an engaging setting that encourages innovation, achievement and original thinking. You like to be surrounded by high achievers like yourself with similar goals and standards. Look for opportunities to develop your leadership ability, distinguish yourself and stand out from your peers.	
Take advantage of internships, research initiatives and work-study programs where you can test your ideas and practice your leadership skills.	
While you may not think you have time for extracurricular activities, taking a break from your studies can provide stress relief and add balance to your life. You may enjoy attending athletics competitions or campus cultural activities. You can also get involved in clubs and organizations that provide opportunities to practice your debate an leadership skills. If you can't find a club that interests you, start one of your own.	d

# **Work and Productivity**









Strengths	Challenges
☐ Well-planned and	☐ Impatient
organized	Rigid, stick to
Future thinking, set long-term objectives	plans
Determined	☐ Hasty decisions
Analytical, strong reasoning skills	Tend to become overcommitted
☐ Imaginative	Want structure and order, but not pointless
Responsible	rules
☐ Energetic and hardworking	May be too competitive, want to win at any cost
☐ Bold and decisive	■ Need challenge
	Avoid routine or repetitive tasks
-	
best for you.  Your Preferred Environment	s. Consider each and select the ones you think would work vative, goal-oriented and driven to achieve results, you pursue
	elps you to make connections and see realistic solutions to thrive in situations where you can be creative, take action and
Takes place in a stimulating environment where you're discuss and debate new ideas and complex problems intellectual and professional challenge.	e surrounded by other competent people with whom you can You dislike routine and need lots of opportunities for
Is orderly and well-organized, with clear plans, directic developing these for your workplace.	ons and schedules — or assigns you the responsibility of
	o lead. A good strategic planner, you can easily see what needs cam or organization in the right direction. You are good at cople, time and resources.
Uses a clear set of guidelines to evaluate your perform recognized and respected for your efforts and to have	ance and compensates you appropriately. You like to be opportunities to progress in your career.
Takes advantage of your forecasting ability. You are co	onstantly assessing the situation around you, spotting potential

problems, thinking about long-term outcomes, and figuring out how to avoid difficulties or take advantage of a

situation. Your keen sense of the future can be very valuable.

Fo	r Growth and Development
	Practice patience. You are so determined to get things done that you may be tempted to make a snap decision or urge others to settle things. For important decisions, ensure that all the necessary information has been evaluated. Remember to consult others and to consider the impact your decision will have on people. If a decision is someone else's responsibility, don't push or try to interfere.
	Be willing to modify your plans. Once decided, you like to stick to the arrangement and move on. But sometimes mistakes are made or important details have been missed. If you're presented with a good reason to change a plan, be open to it.
	While you like to make improvements and try new things, be sure you can justify any changes you make. If an established procedure is efficient and practical, there may be no reason to alter it.
	Where possible, hand off detail-oriented tasks to colleagues who excel at working with facts or figures. You are more productive when left to focus on the broader perspective.
	Pay attention to your work-life balance. You can become so focused on your work that you may neglect other aspects of your life and end up stressed out or exhausted.

## Communication









Strengths	Challenges
Objective and logical	Intense
Confident, articulate speaker	Can be
Enjoy discussion and debate	blunt
Direct, straight talker	May appea aggressive
Outspoken	May not listen
Not easily offended	☐ Tend to interrupt
☐ Think and react quickly	■ Not venute

	blunt
	May appear
	aggressive
П	May not
	listen
П	Tend to

Not very tactful Dislike small

talk

#### Recommendations

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work best for you.

#### For Sending and Receiving Communication

Outgoing, well-spoken and self-assured, you are good at expressing information clearly and convincingly. You may
${\it also use gestures-body language-very effectively to make your point. Use your strengths to demonstrate your}\\$
competence and knowledge. With your people skills, passion for ideas and eloquence, you excel at winning people
over to your way of thinking.

You probably enjoy debate and are very good at it. Be aware that your strong personality and habit of challenging others can be overwhelming for some people. They may feel intimidated, embarrassed or defensive when they're on the receiving end of a barrage of difficult questions or arguments. If you sense that someone has been offended, try using a more diplomatic approach.

Understand that some people may have a different communication style from yours. For example, some may need time to reflect before responding. Others may be more emotional types who address things in terms of their feelings. This doesn't make their ideas any less valid or important. Be patient and give people a chance to express their thoughts in the way that's most natural for them.

As an energetic and powerful speaker, you may be so intent on making your point that you neglect to listen properly. Practice using active listening skills. Focus on what the other person is saying, make eye contact, nod or gesture, and watch their body language for non-verbal cues. Don't interrupt. When they've finished speaking, ask questions and rephrase what they've said to check that your understanding is accurate.

Be receptive to opportunities for non-work related, casual conversation. You tend to be focused on getting down to work and uninterested in small talk. But for some people, a friendly rapport is essential to working together more effectively. Be prepared to share a little about your life and thoughts and to listen while the other person relates their experiences. This can lead to greater mutual understanding and a more productive working relationship.

# **Working with Others**

creating a long-term vision.

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Strengths  Natural leader  Confident  Knowledgeable and prepared  Good at motivating  Supportive of others' ambitions  Assertive	Challenges  May appear forceful or intimidating Can be overly competitive Very opinionated May be viewed as dismissive or critical	
☐ Charismatic ☐ Goal-oriented	<ul> <li>High expectations, demanding of self and team</li> <li>Dislike seeking consensus</li> <li>Stubborn or controlling</li> </ul>	
Recommendations		
The following recommendations are based on your results. best for you.	Consider each and select the ones you think would work	
For Interacting with Others		
You work well with like-minded team members, but may get annoyed with people whose goals, standards or work habits differ from yours. Recognize that everyone brings value to a team, even if their views or talents are different from your own. In fact, a more diverse group can be stronger due to their greater breadth of skills. Learn about each person's unique skillset and focus on making the best use of them.  Use your ability to teach others. A high achiever yourself, you may enjoy helping others to achieve their goals too. You could offer to mentor team members who need training or skill development in one of your areas of expertise, for example.		
Consider others' perspectives. Pushing the team to acceresentment. Explain your point of view in clear, persuasi	ive, practical terms. Give equal time to the others, listen corporate the best aspects of their ideas with the best of your	
are more productive when they are praised for their effort providing constructive criticism. Keep your tone positive or behavior, not the person. Think about how to convey		
Use your networking skills to connect with other profes about how you can help your contacts as well as how the	sionals. Networks should be mutually beneficial, so think ney can help you.	
intuition to assess your team's abilities, challenges and tasks and ensure the greatest possibility of success. Exp	y not be as knowledgeable, capable or driven as you. Use your motivations. Use that information to organize each person's plain your goals in clear and simple terms, and use your ch person's contributions along the way and let them know	
For Filling a Role		
-	uitable resources, and ensuring everyone understands and	
<b>Explorer</b> : looking for new and better ways of doing thin talents and be innovative, exploring all the possibilities.	gs, brainstorming ideas, encouraging others to use their	
Originator: developing new ideas, perspectives and solu	utions, predicting and strategizing for what is to come, and	

# **Career and Pathways**



The careers listed below are all linked to your assessment results, with the careers at the top being the best match for your profile.

### **Personality Results**

i Program Directors	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Agents and Business Managers of Artists, Performers, and Athletes	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Technical Directors/Managers	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Talent Directors	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Producers	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Directors- Stage, Motion Pictures, Television, and Radio	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Copy Writers	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Choreographers	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Art Directors	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Editors	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Fashion Designers	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Industrial-Organizational Psychologists	Human Services	
Social and Community Service Managers	Human Services	
Spa Managers	Human Services	
Directors, Religious Activities and Education	Human Services	
First-Line Supervisors of Personal Service Workers	Human Services	
Funeral Service Managers	Human Services	
Neuropsychologists and Clinical Neuropsychologists	Human Services	
School Psychologists	Human Services	
Gaming Managers	Hospitality and Tourism	
Lodging Managers	Hospitality and Tourism	
Food Service Managers	Hospitality and Tourism	
Chefs and Head Cooks	Hospitality and Tourism	
Travel Agents	Hospitality and Tourism	
First-Line Supervisors of Housekeeping and Janitorial Workers	Hospitality and Tourism	



