

Your Personality



Your personality type is INTJ:





Introversion (I) vs. Extraversion (E)

How we interact with the world and where we direct our energy.

Introversion

- Focus attention inward
- Enjoy tasks that require concentration
- Work best on one project at a time
- Work at a careful, steady pace
- Consider things fully before speaking

Extraversion

- Focus attention outward
- Enjoy a variety of tasks
- Seek out and need other people
- Work at a rapid pace
- Need to talk through their ideas

Sensing iNtuition

Sensing (S) vs iNtuition (N)

What kind of information we naturally focus on and remember.

Sensing

- Focus on "what is"
- Like working with what can be seen and touched
- Apply past experience to solving problems
- Need specific and realistic directions

iNtuition

- Focus on "what could be"
- Enjoy theory and speculation
- Like thinking about the future and possibilities
- Need to use their imagination





Thinking (T) vs. Feeling (F)

Make decisions logically and impersonally, or use personal values.

Thinking

- Are motivated by achievement
- Enjoy analyzing problems logically
- Make fair and unbiased decisions
- Need to weigh the pros and cons to make decisions
- Can be tough negotiators

Feeling

- Motivated by work that is meaningful
- Sensitive to how issues affect people
- Like helping others and being appreciated
- Need decisions to be congruent with their values
- Need to work in a friendly environment



Judging (J) vs. Perceiving (P)

More structured (finalize decisions) or more spontaneous (keep options open).

Judging

- Enjoy work that allows them to make decisions
- Prefer a predictable work pattern and environment
- Work towards completing their responsibilities before relaxing
- Like to maintain control of their projects

Perceiving

- Enjoy flexible and changing work situations
- Like to be able to respond to problems as they arise
- Are more satisfied with fewer rules and procedures
- Need to have fun in their work

Your Personality Profile

Logical, creative and clever, you are confident in your ideas and in your ability to meet or exceed your goals. Ambitious in everything you do, you are driven to be competent and original. You have a keen sense of what is possible and a global perspective. An excellent strategic thinker, you look beyond what is known to see connections between elements that are often very different.

You tend to be a perfectionist. You are critical and demanding of yourself and undaunted by opposition. Focused and determined to bring your vision to life, you will work tirelessly to produce a flawless idea or product. You tend to be much more interested in meeting or surpassing your own high standards than trying to please others.

You are such a complex thinker that your ideas are sometimes too complicated for others to follow. You may struggle to express yourself simply and can become irritated when people are slow to catch on. You can be harshly critical and may neglect to show appreciation or encouragement to those around you. You need to realize the importance of others' feelings.

Extremely independent, you will defend your position and stubbornly refuse to concede, even if others disagree. Only a sound and well-reasoned argument is likely to convince you to change your mind. You are controlled and keep your emotions in check, and generally don't like it when people overreact.

You are most interested in acting on your own ideas and concepts of the future, but may miss key, practical requirements in your plans that can render them unworkable. You are reluctant to share the details of a plan with others at an earlier stage in the process, because you are still refining it. However, this puts you at risk for completing a project before a critical error is noticed.

You described your profile as:



Learning









Strengths	Challenges
Curious, driven to	Require constant intellectual stimulation
learn	
Interest in theory and complex subjects	reflect
□ Independent	Overconfident
Analytical	May procrastinate
☐ Imaginative	Expressing ideas in simple
Enjoy reading, self-directed	terms
study	
Reasoning and debate	
Recommendations	
The following recommendations are based on your results best for you.	Consider each and select the ones you think would work
For Learning Activities	

Fo	r Learning Activities
	Naturally inquisitive and highly intelligent, you question everything and enjoy mastering new subjects, especially those of a theoretical nature. To satisfy your thirst for knowledge, seek out opportunities to challenge accepted wisdom, devise original concepts and study complex systems. Your instructor can suggest projects or further research on topics of interest to you.
	Pay attention to the due dates for your schoolwork. You set high standards for yourself and may want to explore a topic more deeply. However, if you try to consider all the possibilities and aim for a perfect result, you could complete the assignment late—or not at all. Focus on the end goal and, if necessary, be willing to ease up on your standards a bit.
	You may procrastinate if you don't find your learning material engaging. Try to spark your curiosity by discussing the subject matter with experts, reading related articles or investigating individual details and components of the overall topic. Look for ways in which the material relates to topics you have more interest in, and try to view the assignment as a problem to be solved.
	Be selective about the subjects you choose to examine more closely. If you try to become deeply knowledgeable in every topic that interests you, it can leave you overwhelmed and stressed out.
	While you are most comfortable learning on your own, it is sometimes helpful or necessary to do group work. Think about what you can learn from your peers. By understanding their strengths and abilities, you can come to value their input. For those times when you require solitude to reflect on ideas and theories, find a quiet spot away from others where you can concentrate. This might be a room at home or a quiet location in a public place such as a park or library.
	Practice taking part in discussions and debates. Give yourself time to consider the topic, think it through and form your response. Try to express your points clearly and simply.

For Learning Environments	
Seek out an academically challenging program with high standards and a top-rate faculty in your area of intere	st.
Look for competent instructors who will encourage you to probe, test and ask difficult questions as part of your	
learning.	

Your ideal environment is a setting that encourages innovative, original thinking, conducts leading-edge research
and is supplied with advanced technology and resources. You typically learn best alone or in a small group.

You may not be very interested in extracurricular activities. However, occasionally taking time away from your studies
can provide stress relief and add balance to your life. You may find lectures, drama or music appealing, as just a few
examples. You might also want to participate in physical activities with friends.

Work and Productivity







Strengths
☐ Analytical
Intuitive, can see connections, trends, implication

Intuitive, can see connections, trends, implicationsInventiveAmbitious

Self-reliantFocused, disciplined

Determined, driven to complete

Objective

High standards

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Disregard for others' ideasUnwilling to delegateNeed control

May overlook facts or details

Unattainable goals

May be

overconfident

Intolerant of fixed processes and procedures

Recommendations

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work best for you.

Your Preferred Environment

Exercises your ability to make sense of complex theories and apply it to evaluating problems and devising creative solutions.

Gives you plenty of time and scope for strategic thinking, conducting research and trying out your ideas. You thrive on intellectual challenge and originality, and are not easily deterred. You will work tirelessly to see your ideas through to their conclusion.

Acknowledges your achievements, compensates you appropriately, and provides plenty of opportunities to display your mastery and to progress in your career.

Allows you to be largely self-directed, with lots of control over your tasks, projects and standards. You work best independently or with a small, trusted group of capable colleagues, in an environment that doesn't include too many requirements or restrictions.

For Growth and Development

Set realistic goals that are possible to achieve. If your standards are too high, the project is impractical or you haven't thought it through well enough, it may not be feasible. Use your intuition to thoroughly critique your ideas.

Make an effort to include others' input on your proposals, and to involve people earlier in the process. Because you are so confident and have put so much thought into an idea already, you may tend to ignore suggestions. Also, once you've come to a conclusion, you'd rather not have to deal with conflicting views. However, this excludes others from contributing and leaves you open to the risk of missing important details. Be sure to keep people informed and involved throughout a project. Ask others for their ideas and consider them equally alongside your own.

If you're having trouble figuring out a solution to a problem and are growing frustrated, take a break and focus on something completely different. Sometimes your best ideas come to you when you are concentrating on something else.

While you may prefer to do all the work yourself, take advantage of the expertise around you. Be willing to delegate tasks to others whose interests or skillsets are stronger than yours in certain areas. For example, if you find detail work or repetitive tasks unappealing, see if you can hand them off to a colleague who excels in and enjoys such work.

Communication

topics of personal interest.

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Strengths	Challenges
Confident	May seem insensitive, arrogant or
☐ Insightful	harsh
Direct	☐ Guarded
Extensive vocabulary	 Dislike sharing and hearing about others' feelings Communicating in simple terms Unaware of how others are affected by
	behavior
	Dislike small
	talk
Recommendations The following recommendations are based on your results.	Consider each and select the ones you think would work
best for you.	
For Sending and Receiving Communication	
<u>- </u>	le-ranging vocabulary. Remember that some people may not el lost or excluded. Try to express complex ideas with simple
	may misread your attitude as arrogance. On occasion, try can help to break the ice, show you in a more personal light urself too seriously.
When providing feedback, take time to consider how to sensitive to the other person's feelings and keep the foo	sitive people, this can sometimes feel overly harsh or rude. o deliver the message in a positive and helpful way. Be cus on fixing the problematic issue or behavior. Also, try to stress, as you may react with less tact when you're feeling
	share something about their lives or speak in emotional irst, being open to occasional personal exchanges can help

you establish a connection with people. Be willing to listen *and* to share your own thoughts and feelings.

Be receptive when others try to engage you in casual conversation. You probably dislike trivial conversations.

However, exchanging a few pleasantries could provide an entry into a deeper, more interesting discussion about

Working with Others

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☐ Organized ☐ Impatient ☐ Creative, new ideas ☐ Private ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐ ☐	
Open to Critical	
Strong opinions Oblivious Can seem intimidat	ina
Willing to ask tough questions Hold others to own standards	

Recommendations

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work best for you.

You are very independent and may not particularly feel the need to collaborate with others. However, teamwork can

For Interacting with Others

be beneficial. It provides a venue for you to showcase your talents and have your achievements recognized. If you
aspire to be a leader, it's a chance to demonstrate your potential and practice building strong working relationships with your colleagues.
Be willing to delegate tasks that don't require your attention. Just as your skills are vital in certain situations, so too are the skills of others. Learn about your teammates' unique competencies and find ways to make the best use of them. This helps to keep everyone satisfied, involved and making the best use of their talents.
Consult with others, ask for feedback and take care not to alienate people by instantly rejecting their suggestions. Listen carefully to what they have to say. You tend to be more focused on results than relationships, and your problem-solving mind may be tempted to point out flaws. Remember to deal with the <i>people</i> as well as the ideas.
You may become frustrated with people you consider incompetent, who don't understand your ideas or don't meet your standards. In highly stressful situations, you may even lash out at them. Remind yourself that people have feelings. Learn how to connect with them so that you can better understand their outlook and motivations. Think about how your words can affect others and how you could show more consideration.
Try to express enthusiasm. While you may have a great deal of fervor for something, it doesn't always translate into a passionate interest to those around you. Enthusiasm in a group can grow and help to achieve amazing things.
If you're in a leadership position, make a point of letting your team members know they're doing a good job and that you appreciate their efforts. With your focus on finding solutions and reaching goals, you may be unaware of the need to also pay attention to people's needs and feelings.

For Filling a Role

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Originator: developing new ideas, perspectives and solutions, predicting and strategizing for what is to come, and
creating a long-term vision.
Director : organizing goals, identifying and gathering suitable resources, and ensuring everyone understands and carries out their responsibilities.
Analyzer: examining, testing, understanding and defining in order to explain things and solve
problems.

Career and Pathways



The careers listed below are all linked to your assessment results, with the careers at the top being the best match for your profile.

Personality Results

Personality Results		_	
Pathologists	Health Science		
Epidemiologists	Health Science		
Medical Scientists, Except Epidemiologists	Health Science		
Cytotechnologists	Health Science		
Biomedical Engineers	Health Science		
Urologists	Health Science		
Medical and Health Services Managers	Health Science		
Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologists	Health Science		
Ophthalmologists	Health Science		
Nurse Anesthetists	Health Science		
Cytogenetic Technologists	Health Science		
Prosthodontists	Health Science		
Neurologists	Health Science		
Radiologists	Health Science		
Orthodontists	Health Science		
Operations Research Analysts	Business Management and Administration		
Management Analysts	Business Management and Administration		** •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Investment Fund Managers	Business Management and Administration		** •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Quality Control Systems Managers	Business Management and Administration		
Brownfield Redevelopment Specialists and Site Managers	Business Management and Administration		**•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Supply Chain Managers	Business Management and Administration		
Chief Sustainability Officers	Business Management and Administration		
Chief Executives	Business Management and Administration		
Compensation and Benefits Managers	Business Management and Administration		
Regulatory Affairs Managers	Business Management and Administration		
Online Merchants	Business Management and Administration		

Wind Energy Project Managers Computer and Information Systems Managers	Business Management and Administration Business Management and	
Computer and Information Systems Managers	Business Management and	- 1
	Administration	
Biofuels Production Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Business Continuity Planners	Business Management and Administration	
Financial Examiners	Government and Public Administration	
Urban and Regional Planners	Government and Public Administration	
Appraisers, Real Estate	Government and Public Administration	
Bioinformatics Technicians	Government and Public Administration	
Statistical Assistants	Government and Public Administration	
Regulatory Affairs Specialists	Government and Public Administration	
Occupational Health and Safety Specialists	Government and Public Administration	
Environmental Compliance Inspectors	Government and Public Administration	
Tax Examiners and Collectors, and Revenue Agents	Government and Public Administration	
Assessors	Government and Public Administration	
Licensing Examiners and Inspectors	Government and Public Administration	
Aviation Inspectors	Government and Public Administration	
Postmasters and Mail Superintendents	Government and Public Administration	
Coroners	Government and Public Administration	
Mathematicians	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Astronomers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Economists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Environmental Economists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Biostatisticians	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Materials Scientists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Bioinformatics Scientists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Survey Researchers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Statisticians	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Physicists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	

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