

Intelligences and You











Logical Intelligence



This intelligence includes the ability to reason inductively (make conclusions based on observations) and deductively (make conclusions based on hypotheses). This intelligence also involves finding relationships between abstract ideas (numbers, for example), recognizing logical sequences and patterns, recognizing problems and solving them. This intelligence is closely linked with being successful in school.

Strengths	Challenges
Easily recognize number patterns and can make quick, accurate calculations	Struggle with abstract mathematical and logical concepts
 Understand the relationship between cause and effect to predict how one thing can affect another 	Poor problem-solving ability — don't know how to use or develop approaches for reaching the best solution
Can identify all the parts in a system and how they interact	Dislike activities involving puzzles, strategy, calculations or formulas
Analyze information to determine what is important versus what is not	Find it hard to categorize and organize things in a logical manner
Able to work with abstract concepts and use symbols to represent concrete ideas	Not inclined to experiment or form theories to explain things
Famous People with Strong Logical Intelligence	Top Careers for Logical Intelligence
Thomas Edison (inventor, businessman)	Mathematical Technicians
Albert Einstein (physicist,	Operations Research Analysts
humanitarian)	Operations Research Analysis Actuaries
Florence Nightingale (nurse, statistician)	4. Software Developers, Applications
Sherlock Holmes (fictional detective)	5. Mathematical Science Teachers, Postsecondary
Bill Gates (businessman, philanthropist)	Agricultural Engineers
	7. Biomedical Engineers
	8. Transportation Engineers
	Manufacturing Engineering Technologists
	Mandiacturing Engineering recrimologists Industrial-Organizational Psychologists
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Kinesthetic

Kinesthetic Intelligence









This intelligence provides you with the mind and body coordination needed to move your body and other objects. It influences small movements, such as using your fingers to play a musical instrument, and large movements, such as running and catching a ball. Kinesthetic intelligence also affects certain mental abilities such as visualizing and remembering complex movements.

Strengths	Challenges
Have good balance and coordination when moving or being physically active	Avoid activities that require good coordination or complex movements
Good at hands-on activities, such as using tools and objects to build, create and repair	Not interested in playing competitive sports
Can analyze complex movements and the steps involved to identify problems and solutions	 Do not use movement or physical precision for self- expression — through dance, painting or handmade
☐ Use movement to express feelings and ideas — through gestures, body language, acting or dance, for example	crafts, for example Lack confidence when using tools and other physical objects to complete tasks
Have good reflexes — react quickly and instinctively	Unaware of own body language and may miss non- verbal cues from others
Famous People with Strong Kinesthetic Intelligence	Top Careers for Kinesthetic Intelligence
Michael Jordan (basketball player)	1. Fallers
☐ Bruce Lee (martial artist)	2. Fence Erectors
Paula Abdul (dancer, choreographer)	3. Tire Builders
David Blaine (magician, endurance artist)	4. Rail Car Repairers
☐ Jim Carrey (actor,	5. Dancers
comedian)	6. Athletes and Sports Competitors
	7. Municipal Firefighters
	8. Fitness Trainers and Aerobics Instructors
	9. Athletic Trainers
	10. Roustabouts, Oil and Gas

Interpersonal

Anthony Robbins (success coach, professional

Ellen DeGeneres (comedian, talk-show host)

speaker)

Interpersonal Intelligence









to the mood, personality and goals of others. Strengths Challenges Relate well to Difficulty building and maintaining social relationships Do not notice or respond appropriately to others' Notice and understand people's needs, perspectives, feelings, motivations or behaviors emotions and motivations Not good at collaborative Connect and interact with people quickly and work easily Uncomfortable interacting with people whose Form and maintain lasting experiences, views and beliefs differ from own relationships Don't see the humor in things that others find Able to lead, influence and inspire funny others **Top Careers for Interpersonal** Famous People with Strong **Interpersonal Intelligence** Intelligence Martin Luther King, Jr. (clergyman, civil rights activist) 1. Marriage and Family Therapists Mother Teresa (nun, 2. Educational, Guidance, School, and Vocational humanitarian) Counselors Oprah Winfrey (talk-show host, philanthropist)

3. Patient Representatives

8. Transportation Managers

10. Counseling Psychologists

6. Arbitrators, Mediators, and Conciliators 7. Public Relations and Fundraising Managers

9. Emergency Management Directors

4. Psychiatrists

5. Lodging Managers

This intelligence includes understanding and working with people, building relationships, seeing the world from others' point of view, communicating well verbally and non-verbally, cooperating in a group, having influence, and responding

Spatial

Spatial Intelligence









Spatial intelligence includes the ability to identify objects accurately, change and recreate images, and recognize how shapes and objects relate to each other. While this intelligence is typically applied through visual means, spatial intelligence does not only rely on vision. It can also be used through touch and sometimes even hearing.

Strengths	Challenges
Able to visualize images — both real and imagined — with great clarity, and to picture how they would look when rotated or modified	Difficulty learning information that is visual (presented as images or diagrams) or tactile (presented through touch and handling objects)
Notice and remember visual details and tend to evaluate the design, symmetry or beauty of things	Poor memory for visual details such as locations and what things look like; may also forget faces
Can work with shape, size, position and location to solve problems and design, arrange or build things	Dislike puzzles, mazes, building models and other activities that require fitting pieces together
☐ Have a good sense of direction and can easily navigate through different environments, whether on foot, driving or traveling by air or on water	Easily lose sense of direction and have trouble understanding and following maps, charts and diagrams
Can accurately visualize and estimate distances and measurements	Struggle to estimate distances and measurements, whether they are distances for travel or measurements for cooking recipes
Famous People with Strong Spatial Intelligence	Top Careers for Spatial Intelligence
Frank Lloyd Wright (architect, interior designer)	1. Civil Drafters
Michelangelo (artist, engineer)	2. Mechanical Drafters
Steven Spielberg (film director, video game designer)	3. Computer Hardware Engineers
	4. Agricultural Engineers
Vera Wang (fashion designer)	5. Commercial and Industrial Designers
Christopher Columbus (explorer, navigator)	6. Biomedical Engineers
	7. Architecture Teachers, Postsecondary
	8. Pilots, Ship
	9. Architectural Drafters
	10. Transportation Engineers

Linguistic

Linguistic Intelligence









Linguistic intelligence helps you to understand and use language properly in reading, writing, speaking, including sign language and Braille. It also affects vocabulary and the ability to understand and use humor, create pictures using words, notice language patterns, and recognize relationships between words. Linguistic intelligence is one of the main intelligences linked with succeeding in school.

Strengths	Challenges
☐ Know how to use vocabulary, sentence structure,	Have difficulty with grammar, vocabulary, reading,
grammar and spelling for clear communication	writing, new languages and word-based puzzles
Easily remember word-based information	Struggle with communication, creativity and memory
 Good at learning new languages and other symbol systems, such as computer code and hieroglyphs Use language creatively for such things as storytelling, writing, using humor and composing poetry Can tailor communication style depending on topic, audience and purpose 	for general facts Avoid activities that involve reading, writing and speaking, especially when dealing with challenging material Don't pick up on subtle forms of humor, such as irony, sarcasm and satire Have trouble remembering things that are read or heard
Famous People with Strong Linguistic Intelligence	Top Careers for Linguistic Intelligence
William Shakespeare (author, playwright)	1. Interpreters and Translators
Barack Obama (lawyer, U.S. president)	2. Technical Writers
Maya Angelou (poet,	3. Lawyers
author)	4. Political Scientists
Noam Chomsky (linguist, philosopher)	5. Speech-Language Pathologists
Jean-François Champollion (linguist who first deciphered Egyptian hieroglyphs)	6. Neuropsychologists and Clinical Neuropsychologists
deciphered Egyptian merogryphs)	7. Training and Development Specialists
	8. Soil and Plant Scientists
	Foreign Language and Literature Teachers, Postsecondary
	 English Language and Literature Teachers, Postsecondary

Existential

Existential Intelligence









Existential intelligence is the ability to see the big picture in everything - the relationships and connections, vastness and limitations, and how everything fits together. This intelligence is used in considering questions about our existence, such as purpose, life, death, and our place in the universe. NOTE: Existential Intelligence should not be confused with existentialism. Existentialism is an area of philosophy dealing with certain views on human existence. Philosophers who examine and promote existentialist theories would certainly use their existential intelligence. However, the intelligence can be applied to other areas as well.

Strengths	Challenges
Summarize details to understand a larger concept — putting together the elements of a career plan or game strategy, for example	Not interested in exploring "deep" questions about life, death and the universe. Prefer questions that have clear and final answers
See things from different points of view — understanding others' cultures or values, or both sides of a debate, for example	Focus on immediate tasks and getting them done, rather than thinking about different possibilities and how things connect in a bigger way
Explore questions about human existence through study of philosophy, ethics, the arts, or religion and spirituality	 Difficulty understanding perspectives, values and opinions that differ from own Rely on repetition and memory techniques for learning
Connect different ideas to envision something new and creative	rather than looking for ways to relate facts to a larger concept
Famous People with Strong Existential Intelligence	Top Careers for Existential Intelligence
 Aristotle (philosopher, teacher) The Dalai Lama (spiritual leader) Deepak Chopra (doctor, speaker/author) Ralph W. Emerson (essayist, transcendentalist) Jane Addams (philosopher, activist) 	 Clergy Political Science Teachers, Postsecondary Sociologists Advanced Practice Psychiatric Nurses Training and Development Specialists Directors, Religious Activities and Education Sociology Teachers, Postsecondary Philosophy and Religion Teachers, Postsecondary Social Work Teachers, Postsecondary
	10. History Teachers, Postsecondary

Intrapersonal

Intrapersonal Intelligence









Intrapersonal intelligence includes the ability to understand oneself -- emotions, fears, motivations, strengths and weaknesses. This intelligence allows you to reflect upon your own thinking and behavior, learn from that reflection, find ways for self-improvement, and build self-confidence.

Strengths	Challenges
Well aware of personal abilities, challenges, feelings and attitudes	Give little thought to personal goals and abilities when making decisions
Set realistic goals, able to focus and stay on track	Unaware of how mood, attitude and tone of voice can affect other people
In control of emotions, good at handling high-stress situations	Allow personal opinions to negatively affect decisions and interactions with others
Make decisions thoughtfully and carefullyEthical and objective, aware of how personal	Set unrealistic goals and make limited progress, often giving up
viewpoints can be biased or unfair	Don't understand how to recognize and manage own emotions
Famous People with Strong Intrapersonal Intelligence	Top Careers for Intrapersonal Intelligence
 Confucius (philosopher, teacher) Sigmund Freud (neurologist, psychoanalyst) Mohandas Ghandi (lawyer, ideological leader) Helen Keller (speaker, author) Terry Fox (athlete, humanitarian) 	 Gaming Supervisors Judges, Magistrate Judges, and Magistrates Child, Family, and School Social Workers Chief Executives Education Administrators, Preschool and Childcare Center/Program Postmasters and Mail Superintendents Psychiatric Aides Producers Transportation Managers Sales Managers

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Naturalist Intelligence





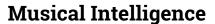




Naturalist intelligence involves being able to recognize, appreciate and group different things in the environment: plants, animals, people, structures, weather patterns, landscapes and so on. It also allows one to see the connections between different parts of the environment, to easily recognize when environmental changes happen, and to understand what impacts those changes might have. People with a strong naturalist intelligence are typically viewed as being "in tune" with nature.

Strengths	Challenges
Sensitive to nature — feel a concern for, and connection to, living things and the natural environment	Difficulty identifying or grouping plants, animals and objects in the natural environment, as well as manufactured objects like cars and clothing
 Observe similarities and differences in plants, animals and natural formations, as well as in manufactured objects Organize and group things according to their traits Enjoy growing plants, taking care of animals or learning about the natural environment Aware of subtle changes in the weather, climate and seasons Have an interest in conservation and recycling 	 Don't notice similarities between seemingly different objects Unable to identify the sights and sounds of nature — birds and their songs, for example, or the appearance of plants, rocks or cloud formations Feel uncomfortable in a natural environment — may fear wild animals, dislike insects, sand and dirt, and miss urban conveniences Unaware of gradual shifts in the weather and the effects of factors such as temperature, humidity, wind and pressure Not concerned about environmental protection, pollution controls or water quality
Famous People with Strong Naturalist Intelligence	Top Careers for Naturalist Intelligence
 Charles Darwin (geologist, naturalist) Jane Goodall (biologist, conservationist) Jacques Cousteau (marine ecologist, filmmaker) Chico Mendes (human rights activist, environmentalist) Steve Irwin "The Crocodile Hunter" (naturalist, environmentalist) 	 Hunters and Trappers Park Naturalists Sustainability Specialists Veterinarians Environmental Science Teachers, Postsecondary Animal Breeders Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, and Aquacultural Animals Environmental Science and Protection Technicians, Including Health Forest and Conservation Workers
	10. Fishers and Related Fishing Workers

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structures; and, creating melodies and rhythms. Strengths Challenges Enjoy a wide range of different types of Enjoy only a few types of music Music has little effect on mood, motivation and Use music to influence mood, build motivation and emotions boost productivity Difficulty identifying sounds of different musical Easily pick up on the beat or chords in music and instruments recognize different instruments by their sounds Not likely to notice or use tone that imparts meaning in Notice and use different tones in speech to impart speech — for example, detecting and using sarcasm emotion, emphasis or meaning Do not sing well and would have trouble learning to Sing well, can play one or more instruments and could play an instrument easily learn another Do not remember melodies and lyrics of Readily recall tunes and lyrics, and can use music, songs rhythms and patterns to remember things **Famous People with Strong Top Careers for Musical** Intelligence Musical Intelligence ☐ Jennifer Lopez (musician, 1. Music Composers and Arrangers composer) 2. Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary Elvis Presley (singer-3. Music Therapists songwriter) 4. Physicists Beyoncé Knowles (singer, songwriter and actress) 5. Singers William James "will.i.am" Adams Jr. (musician and 6. Music Directors producer) 7. Musicians, Instrumental Adele Adkins (singer-songwriter) 8. Poets, Lyricists and Creative Writers

This intelligence includes the ability to play an instrument or sing, as well as a number of other skills such as: recognizing tones, patterns, rhythms, beats and sounds; enjoying and analyzing music; understanding musical

Rate your profile:

9. Actors10. Dancers

How well does it match you?

Developing Your Intelligences





These are your superpowers -- use your strengths to improve in other areas.

Logical

Advice for Learning





- Use and create information that can be represented in multiple ways. For example, data can be placed in a chart or graph. Outlines can be shown as a mind map
- To improve your critical thinking skills, learn about the "fallacies of logic" (incorrect arguments or reasoning). Practice identifying and creating statements that demonstrate fallacies
- Ask others to help you spot flaws in your problem solving and analytical strategies. When you watch someone else analyze a problem, focus on the process they use to solve it and ask questions about each step
- Look for patterns and ways to organize information to make it easier to remember. For example, you could order items alphabetically or create acronyms for the names of things

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

Recommendations

be	st for you.
	Try your skill at online puzzles. There are plenty of free websites available offering a variety of logic puzzles, riddles and unique math problems
	Use every opportunity to practice your math skills. For example, when leaving a tip at a restaurant, first try doing the calculation in your head, then on paper, then on a calculator. This will give you practice and allow you to check your answer
	Take a little time each week to read or watch a science-based article or story. Get to know some of the theories or facts in the story. Over the next few weeks, try to find real-world situations that relate to those concepts. For example, you can learn about RF radiation and how it is used to send signals to a cell phone
	Learn about common logical fallacies and how to avoid them. This can improve your reasoning skills and help you make more accurate conclusions, using reliable and unbiased information

Logical and Linguistic Intelligences

- Practice your linguistic skills using logic-related activities such as word-based puzzles, Scrabble, crosswords and vocabulary games
- Pay attention to the writing in your textbooks. Think about what the writers are trying to accomplish and examine their use of words, symbols and structure
- Select an issue or theory that you can analyze and reason scientifically. Then discuss, debate or write about it. While you may focus on being correct and precise, remember it's also important to be eloquent and persuasive

Logical and Spatial Intelligences

- Attempt to solve logical problems that have a visual-spatial component. You'll find examples in fields such as architecture, mechanics, engineering, graphic design, building trades, electronics and landscaping
- Visual puzzles use your talent for gathering information and finding answers. Look for patterns and connections in the images and for different possible arrangements
- Take part in activities like model building, electronic hobby kits, geocaching and orienteering. You can also play computer games that involve skillfully manipulating objects as they move around onscreen
- Your musical intelligence is better developed than some of your other intelligences. Here are some tips for using your musical intelligence to build strength in those other areas.
- Your musical intelligence is less developed than some of your other intelligences. Here are some tips for using your more developed intelligences to build strength in musical intelligence.

Kinesthetic

Advice for Learning



- Actively use your body and your five senses to "learn by doing". Use hands-on activities, such as manipulating objects or conducting experiments, to learn new concepts. You remember information better when it is related to an activity
- Try to remain active when you're concentrating on learning something. For example, you could squeeze a stress ball while watching a presentation
- Take short breaks to get up and move around or stretch during class time
- Complete reports and other assignments by acting out skits or building models
- Get involved in coaching or assisting. This gives you the chance to design plays or routines, or to analyze and instruct on proper movement for the activity

Recommendations

best for you.
 When practicing a new movement, repeat it several times. This helps your nerves and muscles learn the proper patterns for the activity
 Think about your body's movement during an activity. Concentrate on how your limbs and muscles move when participating in swimming, martial arts, surfing, acting or dancing, for example
 Focus on the goals of each movement during an activity. Through repeated practice, your muscles will become trained to carry out the correct movements automatically. This will allow you to focus more on the overall goal, such as winning a race

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

Kinesthetic and Existential Intelligences

- Striving for excellence in coordinated movement can create a mental state that improves your ability to grasp existential topics. Learn about "flow state" and how it is achieved
- Take part in activities that have a spiritual nature, like yoga, tai chi and meditation. These types of exercises encourage reflection, as you consider the wider world beyond you

Kinesthetic and Intrapersonal Intelligences

- Get plenty of regular exercise. It has been shown to improve mood and overall mental health
- Try reflecting while participating in physical activities that you find repetitive or automatic. During challenging or complex activities, focus on your movements and think about how to improve your ability
- Start a program to develop your strength, speed or other kinesthetic abilities. Be honest about your current ability, set goals for improvement, and stick with it until you achieve your goals. Afterwards, apply this method to other areas of self-improvement

Interpersonal

Advice for Learning





- Learn how to be a good listener. Practice "active listening" and use every conversation as an opportunity to better understand other people's points of view
- Talk to other students, teachers or experts to learn more about topics covered in class. Try to be prepared with good questions
- Ask your teacher about working in pairs or groups, or participating in projects with other classes, to encourage discussion. Outside of class, join or form a study group
- Get involved in a social cause that relates to a topic you're studying, or volunteer to mentor other students in a subject you know well
- Take part in role playing, presentations, debates and group activities

Recommendations

best for you.
 There are many tools available — including books, courses, videos and websites — to help improve your relationship skills. Some are better than others, so be sure to select a good quality resource. If possible, try to get feedback or recommendations from people who have used that resource before
 Be observant. Pay attention to people's facial expressions and posture. Try to spend more time listening than talking.

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

	by being sensitive to others perspectives, emotions and motives, you can adapt your response to what is needed —
	and provide support, encouragement, an opinion or advice, for example
Г	Get involved in volunteering, mentoring or charity work. These activities can improve your ability to feel empathy,

understand others' points of view and build your communication skills
Expand your network. Interact with people of different ages, cultures and skill

Expand your network. Interact with people of different ages, cultures and skill sets

Interpersonal and Musical Intelligences

- Learn to appreciate different styles of music and the various elements that combine to make music. Attend performances or listen to recordings with knowledgeable people who can explain the type of music and how it is made
- Talk about your favorite songs or musical styles with friends. Discuss what you like about music and compare different songs in terms of the rhythm, instruments and other aspects
- If you are learning to play an instrument, talk to others about tips and tricks they use to learn musical skills. You may also be able to find online discussion forums to ask for advice. If contributing online, take care not to provide your personal information

Interpersonal and Naturalist Intelligences

- Join an outdoor or environmentalist club that requires someone with your interpersonal skills. You can help the group by hosting public discussions or giving presentations on its behalf
- Get involved with a naturalist cause through an organization like Audubon or the World Wildlife Fund. As you interact with the group's members, learn about the issues and sympathize with their cause, you will begin to appreciate nature on your own

Spatial

Advice for Learning

- When taking notes or studying, use mind maps, charts, diagrams or pictures to visualize
 the topics you are learning about. Create sketches or mental images to help you memorize and recall information
- Imagine different ways of seeing things. Visualize how they would look based on a description. Then think about how they would look if you rotated them, or changed a color, shape or other feature
- Take elective courses like art, marketing and advertising, dance, animation, video production, woodworking or design
- When permitted, incorporate visual representations into your assignments and projects. For example, you could make use of charts, posters, diagrams, animations or videos

Recommendations

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work best for you.

Practice hands-on activities like completing jigsaw puzzles, designing clothes, working on engines, choreographing
a dance routine or constructing woodwork projects. These activities encourage the use of multiple senses, such as
vision, touch and hearing, to observe shape, distance and direction in a three-dimensional space. Paper and
computer-based visual puzzles can also help, but rely solely on visual observation
Use visual presentations to communicate information. For example, create graphs and charts to represent numbers
and statistics. Use flow charts and mind maps for studying and taking notes. When preparing for activities that involve movement, especially complex moves, visualize your actions before the activity
Practice thinking about composition — the way in which the elements of an image, work of art or other objects are
arranged and work together. Photography, art and design courses are an excellent way to get started. Becoming more aware of compositional details can help you become better at understanding and creating visual information

Spatial and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Before you begin an activity, visualize doing it. Imagine how the movements should be performed. Go back and forth between visualization and physically practicing it until you get it right
- Pursue activities that make use of both intelligences at the same time. Gymnastics, martial arts, skilled trades, and sports that involve catching, throwing and hitting, all require a keen awareness of distance and visual patterns

Spatial and Logical Intelligences

- Solve logical problems that have a spatial element. You will find examples in areas of interest such as architecture, mechanics, engineering, graphic design, building trades, electronics and landscaping
- Solve visual puzzles and play games that use your natural talent for interpreting images. This gives you practice in gathering information, recognizing patterns, connecting ideas and finding solutions
- When working on difficult mathematical problems, use graphs, charts or other drawings to visualize the problem

Linguistic

Advice for Learning





- Underline, highlight, or write down any new or unfamiliar words you come across in your reading. Look up these words as soon as you can
- Take elective classes like creative writing, speech and debate, drama, computer programming and foreign languages. Outside of class, participate in linguistic-based activities, such as solving crossword puzzles, playing Scrabble with friends or using word game websites like Free Rice and WordPlays.com
- Read aloud. For example, read stories to a sibling, or volunteer to read to younger students or children at the library. This will improve your flow, pronunciation and confidence
- Before you begin reading a text, familiarize yourself with the goals and main concept of the chapter. This will help you to better grasp the new information
- · Get involved with the school paper or media club. Enter poetry, essay, or speech and debate contests

Recommendations

e following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work st for you.
Practice using your linguistic skills at every opportunity — whether reading a book, writing an essay, sending an email, doing an interview or speaking to an audience
Read a variety of high quality written works. This can improve your ability to understand and interpret different types of writing and the creative use of language. Ask your English teacher or a librarian to help you choose appropriate materials
Expand your vocabulary when writing and speaking. Use a dictionary and thesaurus to help you identify new words to express what you want to say. Make sure you understand each word's definition and how to use it correctly in a sentence. If using it in a speech, learn the proper pronunciation
Explore the subtleties of humor. For example, examine the use of irony, sarcasm and satire. Learn to enjoy different types of humor and practice being funny yourself

Linguistic and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Research and write out a plan to guide your efforts and track your progress as you work towards your personal kinesthetic goals
- Read a book about an inspirational athlete. Books that provide a first-person view of what athletes call "flow" or being "in the zone" are especially helpful
- Learn sign language. In addition to exercising your linguistic skills, it requires a certain level of coordination. It will improve your arm and hand dexterity

Linguistic and Logical Intelligences

- Take a study skills or test prep course. Your linguistic strength will help you quickly understand information from multiple sources and clearly communicate the results
- Get involved in a speech and debate class. Take part in discussions that focus on logical issues or theories
- Develop your skills with word-based logic puzzles, games, riddles. Many are freely available online

Your moderate strengths can often be developed more easily than weaker areas.

Existential

Advice for Learning

- When learning something new, think about how the topic fits into the greater scheme of things. What role does it play? Why is it important? How is it relevant to you, your community or the world?
- Look for ways to connect new concepts to what you already know. Ask yourself, what other subjects or ideas are similar to this one? What larger themes or groups could this topic fit under?

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

• Think about multiple points of view. For example, consider how your feelings about fossil fuels might compare to those of an oilfield worker or an environmentalist. How about the views of people in other jobs or in other countries? Try to understand perspectives on all sides of an idea or issue

Recommendations

Talk to people who regularly explore deep topics, such as religious leaders, counselors, university professors or sociologists. Ask, respectfully, questions about life, why we exist and why the world works the way it does. Seek multiple sources to learn different points of view
 Be willing to question your own beliefs and to be open to new possibilities. You don't have to believe everything you hear! But through questioning and adding to what you know, you will gain a better understanding of yourself, others and the world around you
 Don't be disappointed if answers to your questions are unavailable or lead to more questions. Instead of trying to

Existential and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Take part in yoga, tai chi, martial arts and other activities that have a spiritual nature. They allow you to contemplate and consider the wider world while you develop your mind-body connectedness
- Investigate flow state and how to achieve it. Athletes describe being in a flow state during peak motivation, performance and mental focus. In this state, their senses are heightened and they can act instinctively

reach a final conclusion, your goal should be continual growth and maturity

Existential and Logical Intelligences

- Existential intelligence encourages an interest in many deep and important topics. Use your logical intelligence to look for patterns in those topics and practice good reasoning skills
- Ask existential questions that relate to your math and science studies For example, to better understand algebra, ask questions like, "What is algebra?", "What is it useful for?" and "Why am I supposed to do it this way?"
- When learning new information, take time to understand the context. Think about why you are learning it. Write down questions that arise. Then, seek to answer these questions it can help you remember the information

Intrapersonal

Advice for Learning





- Learn about and practice good decision making and setting realistic goals. Check your progress regularly
- Build awareness of your feelings, attitudes and behavior. Keep a journal or blog and record your thoughts about your experiences at school. Later, review and reflect on what you've written. Try to analyze your thoughts objectively
- When receiving corrective criticism, remind yourself that feedback is intended to help you improve your skills. It's not meant to judge you as a person
- Monitor and manage negative emotions. If you notice yourself feeling frustrated, angry or upset, take a mental "time out". A brief pause to step back from the situation, calm down and gather your thoughts, even if just for a few seconds, can help you regain control

Recommendations

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be	est for you.
	Spend time on yourself. Understanding your own feelings can help you sympathize and empathize with others, to appreciate what they feel. It can also help you feel more energized, self-confident and focused
	Take time to reflect. Consider your thoughts, feelings and behaviors. What actions have brought you success and what you would like to change in the future? You may want to try meditation, self-help books or courses that can help with self-analysis
	Set specific, realistic goals. Make sure they range from short-term to long-term and easy to more difficult. As you achieve them and your confidence increases, take on greater challenges
	Practice being self-aware. Try to predict how your actions — or inactions — will affect you, and other people, in future

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

Intrapersonal and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Try physical activities that focus on self-awareness. Activities such as yoga or tai chi require being conscious of your positions and movements
- Set a goal to take up an activity or accomplish a certain level of physical achievement. Be sure it is realistic and record your progress as you work towards it. As you accomplish your goals, set more challenging ones

Intrapersonal and Logical Intelligences

- Combine these intelligences to analyze and solve difficult problems. Logical intelligence involves using pattern recognition, reasoning and problem solving. You already use these on a personal level, in your efforts to understand and improve yourself
- When you encounter a difficult mathematical or logical problem, set yourself a challenging goal, maintain your focus, and manage your emotions as you set about solving it
- Improve your skills with logic puzzles and games. Many are freely available online

You may find these areas more challenging -- you can develop them using your strengths.

Naturalist

Advice for Learning





- Work on assignments in a natural environment that helps you focus in your backyard, for example, or at a park or beach
- · Take part in school field trips. In addition to outdoor experiences, go on trips to science museums, art galleries and other environments where you can use your senses to identify and classify objects
- Join or start an environmental project, at school or in your community
- In class, look for ways to incorporate nature and the environment. For example, you could write a paper about how weather conditions have affected worldwide events

Recommendations

best for you. ре

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

Spend time in a natural environment. Pay attention to the animals, plants and other objects around you, noting the differences and similarities. Imagine how each living thing fits into its environment, and how the rocks and landscap were formed
Practice grouping objects — both natural and non-living ones — according to their features. This is called categorization. Use multiple senses when categorizing objects. For example, you might identify birds by the sounds of their song, perfumes by their smell and fabrics by their texture
Get involved in an environmental cause. You may initially decide to join an organization because you know people who are already involved or because there is a need for your skills. Whatever the reason, the important thing is that you gradually learn about and appreciate the cause itself

Naturalist and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Spend time outdoors pursuing sports or other kinesthetic activities. Pay attention to your movements and think about how you can be more efficient in each step or motion
- When available, take classes like outdoor recreation and leadership. Outside of class, hike or bike along your favorite trails or in areas that will give your kinesthetic intelligence a workout
- Set physical challenges for yourself, increasing the difficulty as your ability improves

Naturalist and Logical Intelligences

- Practice applying your ability in pattern recognition (such as seeing patterns in physical objects in the environment) to abstract concepts like numbers and scientific principles
- Study the scientific discoveries of the natural world. Find out how they were made, what methods were used, and how they connect to other scientific theories. Apply similar methods to make your own observations in nature
- Get involved with a group or organization that focuses on the natural environment. Help with tasks that require using logical-mathematical intelligence. For example, you could assist with cataloguing and organizing items or accounting and budgeting

Musical

Advice for Learning





- Take any kind of music, singing or dance class. If you play an instrument, learn to play another, unrelated type of instrument
- Take speech and debate, poetry or creative writing class. Pay attention to the rhythm and patterns in speech and writing. Try reading and writing different things with varying paces and different tone
- When working on assignments, playing sports or working with your hands, try to move and work with a rhythm that suits the activity
- Take a drama class and learn how actors use tone and rhythm to convey more meaning than words alone can do
- If permitted, include music in your presentations or projects. Be sure to select music that complements your assignment. Don't just pick your current favorites, unless they are relevant!

Recommendations

e following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work est for you.
Listen carefully to music. Try to identify different instruments or tracks, and follow the rhythm and pitch for each
Play games that center around making music. There are many games that allow you dance, sing or play a simulated instrument to popular music
Learn to create music. Try singing along to music at first, then afterwards on your own. Or, try playing along to music and then on your own. There are many websites and YouTube videos that provide step-by-step instructions for different instruments and popular songs
Use background sound to focus. Try listening to different types of music during an activity to learn which ones work best for you. You may also find that silence, or white noise, in the background works best at times

Musical and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Watch and play instruments that require a lot of coordinated movement, such as drums, guitar, piano or violin
- Take part in fitness routines that use music for motivation, timing and rhythm
- Participate in dance classes, which provide a very strong connection between movement and music. Pay close attention to the pace and rhythm of the music as you move, stretch and control your muscles

Musical and Logical Intelligences

- Use music to help you focus. Listening to baroque music and formal musical training have been shown to help with math and reasoning
- Learn about the connections between math and music. Music is very much about patterns and sequences of notes and changes in vibration. Study the mathematical relationships of musical notes on the scale, sound energy and volume, and string length and pitch
- Play music-based video games or use computer programs to produce and edit music

Emotional Intelligence (EI)







Emotional Intelligence and You

Emotional intelligence (EI) is your ability to recognize and manage your feelings and behavior, and those of other people, in a way that helps you.

Most Recent Results	

Your El score is a blend of your interpersonal and intrapersonal intelligences scores. El relates closely to these two intelligences.

Your emotional intelligence is currently at a moderate level. This affects your ability to judge what others are thinking or feeling. You sometimes realize how your mood is affecting your thoughts, but at other times you may not. You can usually describe how you are feeling and occasionally convince others to go along with your ideas. These are all abilities that you can improve with effort. The information in this section will help you develop your emotional intelligence.

Emotional Intelligence Traits

Read the list of traits related to EI and indicate the degree to which each is a strength or challenge for you. Be sure to update this list as you develop challenges into strengths.

Adaptable: able to deal with new and changing conditions	Challenge		0	Strength
Assertive: honest, direct and willing to stand up for yourself	Challenge		0	O Strength
Composed: think carefully before reacting and resist being impulsive	Challenge		0	Strength
Content: happy and satisfied with your life	Challenge		0	O Strength
Empathic: intensely aware of needs and feelings — your own, and other people's	Challenge		0	Strength
Expressive: can communicate your emotions to others in a healthy way	Challenge) (0	O Strength
Influential: can guide other's emotions in a purposeful way	Challenge) (0	Strength
Intimate: build and maintain healthy and close personal relationships	O Challenge) (0	Strength

Optimistic: have a positive outlook on life	Challenge	0	0	0	Strength
Perceptive: keenly aware of your emotions and those of other people	Challenge	0	0	0	Strength
Regulated: able to manage your emotions and behavior in a variety of situations	Challenge	0	0	0	Strength
Resilient: can deal with pressure and stress in a healthy way	Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
Motivated: persist and overcome difficulties to achieve goals	Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
Connected: build social connections with many different people	Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
Recommendations The following recommendations are based on your results. Select the ones Developing Emotional Intelligence Develop a sense of humor and try to make people laugh without putting		would v	vork best	: for you.	
down Learn to laugh at yourself and endear yourself to others by showing humility					
Write out your thoughts and create a plan for self-improvement. Make accomplish in the next year	a list of go	als, from	easy to	difficult,	to
Volunteer to help others. This is especially effective if you are able to intas at a hospital, homeless shelter, or retirement center	teract dire	ctly with	those yo	u are he	lping, such
Participate regularly in healthy activities that provide stress relief. Some music, playing with a pet or talking with a close friend	e example:	s include	e meditat	ion, exer	cise,
Take responsibility for your problems or difficulties. While it is easy to consolution. Choose one difficulty you're currently dealing with and figure yourself	-			_	
Learn to say No when you mean it. When you say Yes out of guilt, or Ma problems than you solve in that moment. There is no need to be mean can realistically accomplish	•			•	
Practice being grateful. While it is important to take responsibility for concurself of the good things in your life. Once a week, write down what place each time, so you can easily review the things you were grateful to	makes you	thankfu	ıl. Record		
Move outside of your own perspective. When you are critical of other p things from your own perspective. Before judging, ask others why they people's backgrounds and about cultures that differ from your own. Pr questions respectfully, with the goal of learning about others' views, in:	eople or id / feel the w actice liste	eas, it is ay they c ning mo	often bed do. Learn ore than s	more ak speaking	oout j. Ask

Career and Pathways



The careers listed below are all linked to your assessment results, with the careers at the top being the best match for your profile.

Intelligences Results

Forest Fire Fighting and Prevention Supervisors Surveyors Ar Orthotists and Prosthetists He Fire Investigators Municipal Fire Fighting and Prevention Supervisors Sports Medicine Physicians Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics Dentists, General Solar Energy Installation Managers La Ser Ar First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics Installers and	Health Science aw, Public Safety, Corrections and ecurity Architecture and Construction Health Science aw, Public Safety, Corrections and ecurity aw, Public Safety, Corrections and ecurity Health Science aw, Public Safety, Corrections and ecurity Health Science aw, Public Safety, Corrections and ecurity Health Science architecture and Construction Hanufacturing	
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First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and	1anufacturing	
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Physical Therapists He	lealth Science	
Anesthesiologist Assistants He	lealth Science	
Recreation and Fitness Studies Teachers, Postsecondary	ducation and Training	
Chiropractors He	lealth Science	
Oral and Maxillofacial Surgeons	lealth Science	
Orthodontists He	lealth Science	
Optometrists He	lealth Science	
Prosthodontists He	lealth Science	
Radiation Therapists He	lealth Science	
Ship and Boat Captains	ransportation, Distribution and ogistics	
HVaroelectric Production Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Government Property Inspectors and Investigators	iovernment and Public dministration	
Nurse Anesthetists He	lealth Science	
Coroners	iovernment and Public dministration	
Manufacturing Engineering Technologists Ma	1anufacturing	
Surgeons He	lealth Science	

Coaches and Scouts	Education and Training	
Anesthesiologists	Health Science	
Exercise Physiologists	Health Science	
Commercial Pilots	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Manufacturing Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
First-Line Supervisors of Aquacultural Workers	Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources	
Occupational Health and Safety Specialists	Government and Public Administration	
Farm and Ranch Managers	Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources	
Aircraft Cargo Handling Supervisors	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Construction Managers	Architecture and Construction	
Industrial Production Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Fish and Game Wardens	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
First-Line Supervisors of Construction Trades and Extraction Workers	Architecture and Construction	**
Biomass Power Plant Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Respiratory Therapy Technicians	Health Science	
Electronics Engineering Technologists	Manufacturing	
Fitness and Wellness Coordinators	Education and Training	
Marine Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Wind Energy Operations Managers	Business Management and Administration	**
Geothermal Production Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Robotics Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Security Management Specialists	Business Management and Administration	
Industrial Safety and Health Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Archeologists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Police Patrol Officers	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Aquacultural Managers	Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources	

Aerospace Engineering and Operations Technicians	Manufacturing	
Ophthalmologists	Health Science	
Robotics Technicians	Manufacturing	
Veterinarians	Health Science	
Radio Frequency Identification Device Specialists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Electromechanical Engineering Technologists	Manufacturing	
Dermatologists	Health Science	
Biofuels Production Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Radiologic Technologists	Health Science	
First-Line Supervisors of Correctional Officers	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Pilots, Ship	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Fire Inspectors	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Range Managers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Medical and Clinical Laboratory Technologists	Health Science	
Radiologists	Health Science	
Product Safety Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Computer and Information Research Scientists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Soil and Water Conservationists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Surgical Assistants	Health Science	
Industrial Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Career/Technical Education Teachers, Secondary School	Education and Training	
Respiratory Therapists	Health Science	
Podiatrists	Health Science	
Microsystems Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Set and Exhibit Designers	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Municipal Firefighters	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
First-Line Supervisors of Landscaping, Lawn Service, and Groundskeeping Workers	Architecture and Construction	
Logistics Engineers	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	

Pharmacists	Health Science		
Solar Thermal Installers and Technicians	Architecture and Construction		
Emergency Management Directors	Government and Public Administration		
Nuclear Medicine Physicians	Health Science		
Security Managers	Business Management and Administration		
Mechanical Engineering Technologists	Manufacturing		
Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security		
Telecommunications Engineering Specialists	Information Technology		
Midwives	Health Science		
Career/Technical Education Teachers, Middle School	Education and Training		
Architectural and Engineering Managers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	*•••••	
Airline Pilots, Copilots, and Flight Engineers	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics		
Police Detectives	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security		
Acute Care Nurses	Health Science		
Mechanical Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics		**
Nurse Midwives	Health Science		
Informatics Nurse Specialists	Information Technology		
Forest Firefighters	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security		* •••••
Electronics Engineers, Except Computer	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics		