

# **Intelligences and You**











# **Logical Intelligence**



This intelligence includes the ability to reason inductively (make conclusions based on observations) and deductively (make conclusions based on hypotheses). This intelligence also involves finding relationships between abstract ideas (numbers, for example), recognizing logical sequences and patterns, recognizing problems and solving them. This intelligence is closely linked with being successful in school

intelligence is closely linked with being successful in schoo	
Strengths	Challenges
Easily recognize number patterns and can make quick, accurate calculations	Struggle with abstract mathematical and logical concepts
<ul> <li>Understand the relationship between cause and effect</li> <li>to predict how one thing can affect another</li> </ul>	Poor problem-solving ability — don't know how to use or develop approaches for reaching the best solution
Can identify all the parts in a system and how they interact	Dislike activities involving puzzles, strategy, calculations or formulas
Analyze information to determine what is important versus what is not	Find it hard to categorize and organize things in a logical manner
Able to work with abstract concepts and use symbols to represent concrete ideas	Not inclined to experiment or form theories to explain things
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Famous People with Strong Logical Intelligence	Top Careers for Logical Intelligence
Logical Intelligence  Thomas Edison (inventor, businessman)  Albert Einstein (physicist, humanitarian)	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Mathematical Technicians</li> <li>Operations Research Analysts</li> </ol>
Logical Intelligence  ☐ Thomas Edison (inventor, businessman)  ☐ Albert Einstein (physicist,	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Mathematical Technicians</li> <li>Operations Research Analysts</li> <li>Actuaries</li> <li>Software Developers, Applications</li> </ol>
Logical Intelligence  ☐ Thomas Edison (inventor, businessman)  ☐ Albert Einstein (physicist, humanitarian)  ☐ Florence Nightingale (nurse, statistician)	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Mathematical Technicians</li> <li>Operations Research Analysts</li> <li>Actuaries</li> </ol>
Logical Intelligence  ☐ Thomas Edison (inventor, businessman)  ☐ Albert Einstein (physicist, humanitarian)  ☐ Florence Nightingale (nurse, statistician)  ☐ Sherlock Holmes (fictional detective)	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Mathematical Technicians</li> <li>Operations Research Analysts</li> <li>Actuaries</li> <li>Software Developers, Applications</li> <li>Mathematical Science Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Agricultural Engineers</li> </ol>

10. Industrial-Organizational Psychologists

### Existential

### **Existential Intelligence**









Existential intelligence is the ability to see the big picture in everything - the relationships and connections, vastness and limitations, and how everything fits together. This intelligence is used in considering questions about our existence, such as purpose, life, death, and our place in the universe. NOTE: Existential Intelligence should not be confused with existentialism. Existentialism is an area of philosophy dealing with certain views on human existence. Philosophers who examine and promote existentialist theories would certainly use their existential intelligence. However, the intelligence can be applied to other areas as well.

Strengths	Challenges
Summarize details to understand a larger concept — putting together the elements of a career plan or game strategy, for example	Not interested in exploring "deep" questions about life, death and the universe. Prefer questions that have clear and final answers
See things from different points of view — understanding others' cultures or values, or both sides of a debate, for example	Focus on immediate tasks and getting them done, rather than thinking about different possibilities and how things connect in a bigger way
<ul> <li>Explore questions about human existence through study of philosophy, ethics, the arts, or religion and spirituality</li> <li>Connect different ideas to envision something new</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Difficulty understanding perspectives, values and opinions that differ from own</li> <li>Rely on repetition and memory techniques for learning rather than looking for ways to relate facts to a larger</li> </ul>
and creative	concept
Famous People with Strong Existential Intelligence	Top Careers for Existential Intelligence
<ul> <li>Aristotle (philosopher, teacher)</li> <li>The Dalai Lama (spiritual leader)</li> <li>Deepak Chopra (doctor, speaker/author)</li> <li>Ralph W. Emerson (essayist, transcendentalist)</li> <li>Jane Addams (philosopher, activist)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Clergy</li> <li>Political Science Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Sociologists</li> <li>Advanced Practice Psychiatric Nurses</li> <li>Training and Development Specialists</li> <li>Directors, Religious Activities and Education</li> <li>Sociology Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Philosophy and Religion Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Social Work Teachers, Postsecondary</li> </ol>
	10. History Teachers, Postsecondary

### Intrapersonal

# **Intrapersonal Intelligence**









Intrapersonal intelligence includes the ability to understand oneself -- emotions, fears, motivations, strengths and weaknesses. This intelligence allows you to reflect upon your own thinking and behavior, learn from that reflection, find ways for self-improvement, and build self-confidence.

Strengths	Challenges
Well aware of personal abilities, challenges, feelings and attitudes	Give little thought to personal goals and abilities when making decisions
Set realistic goals, able to focus and stay on track	Unaware of how mood, attitude and tone of voice can affect other people
In control of emotions, good at handling high-stress situations	Allow personal opinions to negatively affect decisions and interactions with others
<ul><li>Make decisions thoughtfully and carefully</li><li>Ethical and objective, aware of how personal viewpoints can be biased or unfair</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Set unrealistic goals and make limited progress, often giving up</li> <li>Don't understand how to recognize and manage own emotions</li> </ul>
Famous People with Strong Intrapersonal Intelligence	Top Careers for Intrapersonal Intelligence
<ul> <li>Confucius (philosopher, teacher)</li> <li>Sigmund Freud (neurologist, psychoanalyst)</li> <li>Mohandas Ghandi (lawyer, ideological leader)</li> <li>Helen Keller (speaker, author)</li> <li>Terry Fox (athlete, humanitarian)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Gaming Supervisors</li> <li>Judges, Magistrate Judges, and Magistrates</li> <li>Child, Family, and School Social Workers</li> <li>Chief Executives</li> <li>Education Administrators, Preschool and Childcare Center/Program</li> <li>Postmasters and Mail Superintendents</li> <li>Psychiatric Aides</li> <li>Producers</li> <li>Transportation Managers</li> <li>Sales Managers</li> </ol>

### Spatial

# **Spatial Intelligence**









Spatial intelligence includes the ability to identify objects accurately, change and recreate images, and recognize how shapes and objects relate to each other. While this intelligence is typically applied through visual means, spatial intelligence does not only rely on vision. It can also be used through touch and sometimes even hearing.

Strengths	Challenges
Able to visualize images — both real and imagined — with great clarity, and to picture how they would look when rotated or modified	Difficulty learning information that is visual (presented as images or diagrams) or tactile (presented through touch and handling objects)
<ul> <li>Notice and remember visual details and tend to evaluate the design, symmetry or beauty of things</li> <li>□ Can work with shape, size, position and location to</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Poor memory for visual details such as locations and what things look like; may also forget faces</li> <li>Dislike puzzles, mazes, building models and other</li> </ul>
solve problems and design, arrange or build things	activities that require fitting pieces together
Have a good sense of direction and can easily navigate through different environments, whether on foot, driving or traveling by air or on water	<ul> <li>Easily lose sense of direction and have trouble understanding and following maps, charts and diagrams</li> </ul>
Can accurately visualize and estimate distances and measurements	Struggle to estimate distances and measurements, whether they are distances for travel or measurements for cooking recipes
Famous People with Strong Spatial Intelligence	Top Careers for Spatial Intelligence
Frank Lloyd Wright (architect, interior	
designer)	1. Civil Drafters
designer)  Michelangelo (artist, engineer)	<ol> <li>Civil Drafters</li> <li>Mechanical Drafters</li> </ol>
Michelangelo (artist, engineer)	
☐ Michelangelo (artist, engineer) ☐ Steven Spielberg (film director, video game designer)	2. Mechanical Drafters
Michelangelo (artist, engineer)  Steven Spielberg (film director, video game designer)  Vera Wang (fashion designer)	<ul><li>2. Mechanical Drafters</li><li>3. Computer Hardware Engineers</li></ul>
☐ Michelangelo (artist, engineer) ☐ Steven Spielberg (film director, video game designer)	<ol> <li>Mechanical Drafters</li> <li>Computer Hardware Engineers</li> <li>Agricultural Engineers</li> </ol>
Michelangelo (artist, engineer)  Steven Spielberg (film director, video game designer)  Vera Wang (fashion designer)	<ol> <li>Mechanical Drafters</li> <li>Computer Hardware Engineers</li> <li>Agricultural Engineers</li> <li>Commercial and Industrial Designers</li> </ol>
Michelangelo (artist, engineer)  Steven Spielberg (film director, video game designer)  Vera Wang (fashion designer)	<ol> <li>Mechanical Drafters</li> <li>Computer Hardware Engineers</li> <li>Agricultural Engineers</li> <li>Commercial and Industrial Designers</li> <li>Biomedical Engineers</li> </ol>
Michelangelo (artist, engineer)  Steven Spielberg (film director, video game designer)  Vera Wang (fashion designer)	<ol> <li>Mechanical Drafters</li> <li>Computer Hardware Engineers</li> <li>Agricultural Engineers</li> <li>Commercial and Industrial Designers</li> <li>Biomedical Engineers</li> <li>Architecture Teachers, Postsecondary</li> </ol>

### Linguistic

# **Linguistic Intelligence**









Linguistic intelligence helps you to understand and use language properly in reading, writing, speaking, including sign language and Braille. It also affects vocabulary and the ability to understand and use humor, create pictures using words, notice language patterns, and recognize relationships between words. Linguistic intelligence is one of the main intelligences linked with succeeding in school.

Strengths	Challenges
Know how to use vocabulary, sentence structure, grammar and spelling for clear communication	<ul> <li>Have difficulty with grammar, vocabulary, reading, writing, new languages and word-based puzzles</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Easily remember word-based information</li> <li>Good at learning new languages and other symbol systems, such as computer code and hieroglyphs</li> <li>Use language creatively for such things as storytelling, writing, using humor and composing poetry</li> <li>Can tailor communication style depending on topic, audience and purpose</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Struggle with communication, creativity and memory for general facts</li> <li>Avoid activities that involve reading, writing and speaking, especially when dealing with challenging material</li> <li>Don't pick up on subtle forms of humor, such as irony, sarcasm and satire</li> <li>Have trouble remembering things that are read or heard</li> </ul>
Famous People with Strong Linguistic Intelligence	Top Careers for Linguistic Intelligence
<ul> <li>William Shakespeare (author, playwright)</li> <li>Barack Obama (lawyer, U.S. president)</li> <li>Maya Angelou (poet, author)</li> <li>Noam Chomsky (linguist, philosopher)</li> <li>Jean-François Champollion (linguist who first deciphered Egyptian hieroglyphs)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Interpreters and Translators</li> <li>Technical Writers</li> <li>Lawyers</li> <li>Political Scientists</li> <li>Speech-Language Pathologists</li> <li>Neuropsychologists and Clinical Neuropsychologists</li> <li>Training and Development Specialists</li> <li>Soil and Plant Scientists</li> <li>Foreign Language and Literature Teachers,         Postsecondary     </li> <li>English Language and Literature Teachers,</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>English Language and Literature Teachers,         Postsecondary     </li> </ol>

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Oprah Winfrey (talk-show host, philanthropist)

Anthony Robbins (success coach, professional

☐ Ellen DeGeneres (comedian, talk-show host)

### **Interpersonal Intelligence**

Mother Teresa (nun,

humanitarian)

speaker)









point of view, communicating well verbally and non-verbally, cooperating in a group, having influence, and responding to the mood, personality and goals of others. Strengths Challenges Relate well to Difficulty building and maintaining social relationships Do not notice or respond appropriately to others' Notice and understand people's needs, perspectives, feelings, motivations or behaviors emotions and motivations Not good at collaborative Connect and interact with people quickly and work easily Uncomfortable interacting with people whose Form and maintain lasting experiences, views and beliefs differ from own relationships Don't see the humor in things that others find Able to lead, influence and inspire funny others **Top Careers for Interpersonal** Famous People with Strong **Interpersonal Intelligence** Intelligence Martin Luther King, Jr. (clergyman, civil rights activist)

This intelligence includes understanding and working with people, building relationships, seeing the world from others'

- 1. Marriage and Family Therapists
- 2. Educational, Guidance, School, and Vocational Counselors
- 3. Patient Representatives
- 4. Psychiatrists
- 5. Lodging Managers
- 6. Arbitrators, Mediators, and Conciliators
- 7. Public Relations and Fundraising Managers
- 8. Transportation Managers
- 9. Emergency Management Directors
- 10. Counseling Psychologists

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This intelligence provides you with the mind and body coordination needed to move your body and other objects. It influences small movements, such as using your fingers to play a musical instrument, and large movements, such as running and catching a ball. Kinesthetic intelligence also affects certain mental abilities such as visualizing and remembering complex movements.

Strengths	Challenges
Have good balance and coordination when moving or being physically active	<ul> <li>Avoid activities that require good coordination or complex movements</li> </ul>
Good at hands-on activities, such as using tools and objects to build, create and repair	Not interested in playing competitive sports
Can analyze complex movements and the steps involved to identify problems and solutions	Do not use movement or physical precision for self- expression — through dance, painting or handmade
☐ Use movement to express feelings and ideas —	crafts, for example
through gestures, body language, acting or dance, for example	Lack confidence when using tools and other physical objects to complete tasks
Have good reflexes — react quickly and instinctively	Unaware of own body language and may miss non- verbal cues from others
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Famous People with Strong Kinesthetic Intelligence	Top Careers for Kinesthetic Intelligence
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)	Intelligence
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)	Intelligence  1. Fallers
Kinesthetic Intelligence  ☐ Michael Jordan (basketball player)  ☐ Bruce Lee (martial artist)	Intelligence  1. Fallers 2. Fence Erectors
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)  Bruce Lee (martial artist)  Paula Abdul (dancer, choreographer)	Intelligence  1. Fallers
Kinesthetic Intelligence  ☐ Michael Jordan (basketball player)  ☐ Bruce Lee (martial artist)	Intelligence  1. Fallers 2. Fence Erectors
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)  Bruce Lee (martial artist)  Paula Abdul (dancer, choreographer)	Intelligence  1. Fallers 2. Fence Erectors 3. Tire Builders
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)  Bruce Lee (martial artist)  Paula Abdul (dancer, choreographer)  David Blaine (magician, endurance artist)	Intelligence  1. Fallers 2. Fence Erectors 3. Tire Builders 4. Rail Car Repairers
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)  Bruce Lee (martial artist)  Paula Abdul (dancer, choreographer)  David Blaine (magician, endurance artist)  Jim Carrey (actor,	Intelligence  1. Fallers 2. Fence Erectors 3. Tire Builders 4. Rail Car Repairers 5. Dancers
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)  Bruce Lee (martial artist)  Paula Abdul (dancer, choreographer)  David Blaine (magician, endurance artist)  Jim Carrey (actor,	Intelligence  1. Fallers 2. Fence Erectors 3. Tire Builders 4. Rail Car Repairers 5. Dancers 6. Athletes and Sports Competitors
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)  Bruce Lee (martial artist)  Paula Abdul (dancer, choreographer)  David Blaine (magician, endurance artist)  Jim Carrey (actor,	Intelligence  1. Fallers 2. Fence Erectors 3. Tire Builders 4. Rail Car Repairers 5. Dancers 6. Athletes and Sports Competitors 7. Municipal Firefighters

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# **Naturalist Intelligence**









Naturalist intelligence involves being able to recognize, appreciate and group different things in the environment: plants, animals, people, structures, weather patterns, landscapes and so on. It also allows one to see the connections between different parts of the environment, to easily recognize when environmental changes happen, and to understand what impacts those changes might have. People with a strong naturalist intelligence are typically viewed as being "in tune" with nature.

Challenges
Difficulty identifying or grouping plants, animals and objects in the natural environment, as well as manufactured objects like cars and clothing
<ul> <li>Don't notice similarities between seemingly different objects</li> <li>Unable to identify the sights and sounds of nature — birds and their songs, for example, or the appearance of plants, rocks or cloud formations</li> <li>Feel uncomfortable in a natural environment — may fear wild animals, dislike insects, sand and dirt, and miss urban conveniences</li> <li>Unaware of gradual shifts in the weather and the effects of factors such as temperature, humidity, wind and pressure</li> <li>Not concerned about environmental protection, pollution controls or water quality</li> </ul>
Top Careers for Naturalist Intelligence
<ol> <li>Hunters and Trappers</li> <li>Park Naturalists</li> <li>Sustainability Specialists</li> <li>Veterinarians</li> <li>Environmental Science Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Animal Breeders</li> <li>Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, and Aquacultural Animals</li> <li>Environmental Science and Protection Technicians, Including Health</li> <li>Forest and Conservation Workers</li> <li>Fishers and Related Fishing Workers</li> </ol>

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# **Musical Intelligence**

This intelligence includes the ability to play an instrument or sing, as well as a number of other skills such as: recognizing tones, patterns, rhythms, beats and sounds; enjoying and analyzing music; understanding musical structures; and, creating melodies and rhythms.

Strengths	Challenges
Enjoy a wide range of different types of	Enjoy only a few types of music
<ul> <li>music</li> <li>Use music to influence mood, build motivation and boost productivity</li> <li>Easily pick up on the beat or chords in music and recognize different instruments by their sounds</li> <li>Notice and use different tones in speech to impart emotion, emphasis or meaning</li> <li>Sing well, can play one or more instruments and could easily learn another</li> <li>Readily recall tunes and lyrics, and can use music, rhythms and patterns to remember things</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Music has little effect on mood, motivation and emotions</li> <li>Difficulty identifying sounds of different musical instruments</li> <li>Not likely to notice or use tone that imparts meaning in speech — for example, detecting and using sarcasm</li> <li>Do not sing well and would have trouble learning to play an instrument</li> <li>Do not remember melodies and lyrics of songs</li> </ul>
Famous People with Strong Musical Intelligence	Top Careers for Musical Intelligence
Musical Intelligence  Jennifer Lopez (musician,	<ul><li>Intelligence</li><li>1. Music Composers and Arrangers</li><li>2. Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li></ul>
Musical Intelligence  Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Music Therapists</li> </ol>
Musical Intelligence  Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)  Elvis Presley (singer-songwriter)  Beyoncé Knowles (singer, songwriter and	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Music Therapists</li> <li>Physicists</li> </ol>
Musical Intelligence  ☐ Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)  ☐ Elvis Presley (singer-songwriter)  ☐ Beyoncé Knowles (singer, songwriter and actress)	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Music Therapists</li> <li>Physicists</li> <li>Singers</li> </ol>
Musical Intelligence  ☐ Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)  ☐ Elvis Presley (singer-songwriter)  ☐ Beyoncé Knowles (singer, songwriter and actress)  ☐ William James "will.i.am" Adams Jr. (musician and	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Music Therapists</li> <li>Physicists</li> </ol>
Musical Intelligence  ☐ Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)  ☐ Elvis Presley (singer-songwriter)  ☐ Beyoncé Knowles (singer, songwriter and actress)  ☐ William James "will.i.am" Adams Jr. (musician and producer)	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Music Therapists</li> <li>Physicists</li> <li>Singers</li> <li>Music Directors</li> <li>Musicians, Instrumental</li> </ol>
Musical Intelligence  ☐ Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)  ☐ Elvis Presley (singer-songwriter)  ☐ Beyoncé Knowles (singer, songwriter and actress)  ☐ William James "will.i.am" Adams Jr. (musician and	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Music Therapists</li> <li>Physicists</li> <li>Singers</li> <li>Music Directors</li> <li>Musicians, Instrumental</li> <li>Poets, Lyricists and Creative Writers</li> </ol>
Musical Intelligence  ☐ Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)  ☐ Elvis Presley (singer-songwriter)  ☐ Beyoncé Knowles (singer, songwriter and actress)  ☐ William James "will.i.am" Adams Jr. (musician and producer)	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Music Therapists</li> <li>Physicists</li> <li>Singers</li> <li>Music Directors</li> <li>Musicians, Instrumental</li> </ol>

### Rate your profile:

How well does it match you?

# **Developing Your Intelligences**





These are your superpowers -- use your strengths to improve in other areas.

### Logical

### **Advice for Learning**





- Use and create information that can be represented in multiple ways. For example, data can be placed in a chart or graph. Outlines can be shown as a mind map
- To improve your critical thinking skills, learn about the "fallacies of logic" (incorrect arguments or reasoning). Practice identifying and creating statements that demonstrate fallacies
- Ask others to help you spot flaws in your problem solving and analytical strategies. When you watch someone else analyze a problem, focus on the process they use to solve it and ask questions about each step
- Look for patterns and ways to organize information to make it easier to remember. For example, you could order items alphabetically or create acronyms for the names of things

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

### Recommendations

be	st for you.
	Try your skill at online puzzles. There are plenty of free websites available offering a variety of logic puzzles, riddles and unique math problems
	Use every opportunity to practice your math skills. For example, when leaving a tip at a restaurant, first try doing the calculation in your head, then on paper, then on a calculator. This will give you practice and allow you to check your answer
	Take a little time each week to read or watch a science-based article or story. Get to know some of the theories or facts in the story. Over the next few weeks, try to find real-world situations that relate to those concepts. For example, you can learn about RF radiation and how it is used to send signals to a cell phone
	Learn about common logical fallacies and how to avoid them. This can improve your reasoning skills and help you make more accurate conclusions, using reliable and unbiased information

#### Logical and Linguistic Intelligences

- Practice your linguistic skills using logic-related activities such as word-based puzzles, Scrabble, crosswords and vocabulary games
- Pay attention to the writing in your textbooks. Think about what the writers are trying to accomplish and examine their use of words, symbols and structure
- Select an issue or theory that you can analyze and reason scientifically. Then discuss, debate or write about it. While you may focus on being correct and precise, remember it's also important to be eloquent and persuasive

#### Logical and Spatial Intelligences

- Attempt to solve logical problems that have a visual-spatial component. You'll find examples in fields such as architecture, mechanics, engineering, graphic design, building trades, electronics and landscaping
- Visual puzzles use your talent for gathering information and finding answers. Look for patterns and connections in the images and for different possible arrangements
- Take part in activities like model building, electronic hobby kits, geocaching and orienteering. You can also play computer games that involve skillfully manipulating objects as they move around onscreen
- Your musical intelligence is better developed than some of your other intelligences. Here are some tips for using your musical intelligence to build strength in those other areas.
- Your musical intelligence is less developed than some of your other intelligences. Here are some tips for using your more developed intelligences to build strength in musical intelligence.

### Your moderate strengths can often be developed more easily than weaker areas.

### **Existential**

### **Advice for Learning**

- When learning something new, think about how the topic fits into the greater scheme of things. What role does it play? Why is it important? How is it relevant to you, your community or the world?
- Look for ways to connect new concepts to what you already know. Ask yourself, what other subjects or ideas are similar to this one? What larger themes or groups could this topic fit under?
- Think about multiple points of view. For example, consider how your feelings about fossil fuels might compare to those of an oilfield worker or an environmentalist. How about the views of people in other jobs or in other countries? Try to understand perspectives on all sides of an idea or issue

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

#### Recommendations

Talk to people who regularly explore deep topics, such as religious leaders, counselors, university professors or sociologists. Ask, respectfully, questions about life, why we exist and why the world works the way it does. Seek multiple sources to learn different points of view
 Be willing to question your own beliefs and to be open to new possibilities. You don't have to believe everything you hear! But through questioning and adding to what you know, you will gain a better understanding of yourself, others and the world around you
 Don't be disappointed if answers to your questions are unavailable or lead to more questions. Instead of trying to reach a final conclusion, your goal should be continual growth and maturity

### Existential and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Take part in yoga, tai chi, martial arts and other activities that have a spiritual nature. They allow you to contemplate and consider the wider world while you develop your mind-body connectedness
- Investigate flow state and how to achieve it. Athletes describe being in a flow state during peak motivation, performance and mental focus. In this state, their senses are heightened and they can act instinctively

#### Existential and Interpersonal Intelligences

- Talk about deep topics with others. This can strengthen relationships and lead to a better understanding of people
- Interact with people who are spiritual or philosophical like you. Think about the person speaking and how their views have been formed
- Read online forums that discuss existential topics. Instead of providing your views, try to understand the beliefs other
  people are expressing. If you contribute to the forum or question others, be sensitive to their views and feelings.
  Always use caution and avoid providing personal details online

### **Intrapersonal**

### **Advice for Learning**





- Learn about and practice good decision making and setting realistic goals. Check your progress regularly
- Build awareness of your feelings, attitudes and behavior. Keep a journal or blog and record your thoughts about your experiences at school. Later, review and reflect on what you've written. Try to analyze your thoughts objectively
- When receiving corrective criticism, remind yourself that feedback is intended to help you improve your skills. It's not meant to judge you as a person
- Monitor and manage negative emotions. If you notice yourself feeling frustrated, angry or upset, take a mental "time out". A brief pause to step back from the situation, calm down and gather your thoughts, even if just for a few seconds, can help you regain control

#### Recommendations

be	st for you.
	Spend time on yourself. Understanding your own feelings can help you sympathize and empathize with others, to appreciate what they feel. It can also help you feel more energized, self-confident and focused
	Take time to reflect. Consider your thoughts, feelings and behaviors. What actions have brought you success and what you would like to change in the future? You may want to try meditation, self-help books or courses that can help with self-analysis
	Set specific, realistic goals. Make sure they range from short-term to long-term and easy to more difficult. As you achieve them and your confidence increases, take on greater challenges
	Practice being self-aware. Try to predict how your actions — or inactions — will affect you, and other people, in future

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

### Intrapersonal and Musical Intelligences

- Try using music as a tool to influence your mood. Use your self-knowledge and awareness of your feelings. Think about the kind of music you enjoy listening to and how it affects you. Eventually, you can try creating your own music to suit your mood or to change it
- Consider why certain music might affect your mood. What instruments are being used? What effect does rhythm have? What style of music appeals to you or turns you off, and why?

### Intrapersonal and Naturalist Intelligences

- Think of the view from a hilltop, the sound of a stream and the smell of a forest. Use these sensory experiences to inspire self-reflection. Start with a focus inward, then shift to the details of the natural environment. Continue to reflect, write your thoughts in a journal, or take time for yourself in nature
- Consider what aspects of the natural environment have a positive effect on you. Look for patterns in these characteristics
- As you begin to appreciate nature, try to learn more through classes, online articles and organizations that interest you

### **Spatial**

### **Advice for Learning**



- When taking notes or studying, use mind maps, charts, diagrams or pictures to visualize
  the topics you are learning about. Create sketches or mental images to help you memorize and recall information
- Imagine different ways of seeing things. Visualize how they would look based on a description. Then think about how they would look if you rotated them, or changed a color, shape or other feature
- Take elective courses like art, marketing and advertising, dance, animation, video production, woodworking or design
- When permitted, incorporate visual representations into your assignments and projects. For example, you could make use of charts, posters, diagrams, animations or videos

#### Recommendations

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work best for you.

	Practice hands-on activities like completing jigsaw puzzles, designing clothes, working on engines, choreographing
	a dance routine or constructing woodwork projects. These activities encourage the use of multiple senses, such as
	vision, touch and hearing, to observe shape, distance and direction in a three-dimensional space. Paper and
	computer-based visual puzzles can also help, but rely solely on visual observation
П	Use visual presentations to communicate information. For example, create graphs and charts to represent numbers
	and statistics. Use flow charts and mind maps for studying and taking notes. When preparing for activities that
	involve movement, especially complex moves, visualize your actions before the activity
П	Practice thinking about composition — the way in which the elements of an image, work of art or other objects are
_	arranged and work together. Photography, art and design courses are an excellent way to get started. Becoming
	more aware of compositional details can help you become better at understanding and creating visual information

#### Spatial and Existential Intelligences

- Learn about cosmology, the study of the universe. As you delve into the topic, consider existential questions about the origin of the universe and its purpose
- Study the works of Michelangelo, Salvador Dali and Alberto Giacometti. Find out what inspired these artists and how their art addressed different existential questions

#### Spatial and Logical Intelligences

- Solve logical problems that have a spatial element. You will find examples in areas of interest such as architecture, mechanics, engineering, graphic design, building trades, electronics and landscaping
- Solve visual puzzles and play games that use your natural talent for interpreting images. This gives you practice in gathering information, recognizing patterns, connecting ideas and finding solutions
- When working on difficult mathematical problems, use graphs, charts or other drawings to visualize the problem

### Linguistic

### **Advice for Learning**





- Underline, highlight, or write down any new or unfamiliar words you come across in your reading. Look up these words as soon as you can
- Take elective classes like creative writing, speech and debate, drama, computer programming and foreign languages. Outside of class, participate in linguistic-based activities, such as solving crossword puzzles, playing Scrabble with friends or using word game websites like Free Rice and WordPlays.com
- Read aloud. For example, read stories to a sibling, or volunteer to read to younger students or children at the library. This will improve your flow, pronunciation and confidence
- Before you begin reading a text, familiarize yourself with the goals and main concept of the chapter. This will help you to better grasp the new information
- · Get involved with the school paper or media club. Enter poetry, essay, or speech and debate contests

#### Recommendations

e following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work st for you.
Practice using your linguistic skills at every opportunity — whether reading a book, writing an essay, sending an email, doing an interview or speaking to an audience
Read a variety of high quality written works. This can improve your ability to understand and interpret different types of writing and the creative use of language. Ask your English teacher or a librarian to help you choose appropriate materials
Expand your vocabulary when writing and speaking. Use a dictionary and thesaurus to help you identify new words to express what you want to say. Make sure you understand each word's definition and how to use it correctly in a sentence. If using it in a speech, learn the proper pronunciation
Explore the subtleties of humor. For example, examine the use of irony, sarcasm and satire. Learn to enjoy different types of humor and practice being funny yourself

### Linguistic and Existential Intelligences

- Many talented authors have written about existential topics. Try reading works by Albert Camus, Ralph Ellison, Jean-Paul Sartre, Fyodor Dostoyevsky or Simone de Beauvoir
- Look for meaning and the answers to life's deep questions by reading about different philosophies. Some examples are ontology, cosmology, realism, idealism, Hellenistic philosophy, analytic philosophy, postmodernism, theosophy or any other theories that may interest you
- Choose existential topics for spoken presentations or writing assignments. Focus on making the subject easily understandable for a general audience

#### Linguistic and Logical Intelligences

- Take a study skills or test prep course. Your linguistic strength will help you quickly understand information from multiple sources and clearly communicate the results
- Get involved in a speech and debate class. Take part in discussions that focus on logical issues or theories
- Develop your skills with word-based logic puzzles, games, riddles. Many are freely available online

# You may find these areas more challenging -- you can develop them using your strengths.

### **Interpersonal**

### Advice for Learning



- Learn how to be a good listener. Practice "active listening" and use every conversation as an opportunity to better understand other people's points of view
- Talk to other students, teachers or experts to learn more about topics covered in class. Try to be prepared with good questions
- Ask your teacher about working in pairs or groups, or participating in projects with other classes, to encourage discussion. Outside of class, join or form a study group
- Get involved in a social cause that relates to a topic you're studying, or volunteer to mentor other students in a subject you know well

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

• Take part in role playing, presentations, debates and group activities

#### **Recommendations**

be	st for you.
	There are many tools available — including books, courses, videos and websites — to help improve your relationship skills. Some are better than others, so be sure to select a good quality resource. If possible, try to get feedback or recommendations from people who have used that resource before
	Be observant. Pay attention to people's facial expressions and posture. Try to spend more time listening than talking By being sensitive to others' perspectives, emotions and motives, you can adapt your response to what is needed — and provide support, encouragement, an opinion or advice, for example
	Get involved in volunteering, mentoring or charity work. These activities can improve your ability to feel empathy, understand others' points of view and build your communication skills
	Expand your network. Interact with people of different ages, cultures and skill sets

#### Interpersonal and Existential Intelligences

- Enhance your exploration of deeper subjects by interacting with people who are spiritual or philosophical. Conversations with them will likely lead to questions of an existential nature
- Read online forums that discuss existential topics. Try to understand the beliefs people are expressing and be sensitive to their views and feelings. If you contribute to the forum, always use caution and avoid providing personal details online

#### Interpersonal and Logical Intelligences

- Get involved with groups or online communities. Many massively multiplayer online games rely on logical strategy and interaction with others to achieve success. You can learn logical strategies from others who play the game. Don't spend so much time playing games that you neglect your other responsibilities!
- Join charitable or service-oriented groups that will make use of your interpersonal skills and provide you with tasks that require logical problem solving

### Kinesthetic

### Advice for Learning



- Actively use your body and your five senses to "learn by doing". Use hands-on activities, such as manipulating objects or conducting experiments, to learn new concepts. You remember information better when it is related to an activity
- Try to remain active when you're concentrating on learning something. For example, you could squeeze a stress ball while watching a presentation
- Take short breaks to get up and move around or stretch during class time
- Complete reports and other assignments by acting out skits or building models
- Get involved in coaching or assisting. This gives you the chance to design plays or routines, or to analyze and instruct on proper movement for the activity

#### Recommendations

best for you.
 When practicing a new movement, repeat it several times. This helps your nerves and muscles learn the proper patterns for the activity
 Think about your body's movement during an activity. Concentrate on how your limbs and muscles move when participating in swimming, martial arts, surfing, acting or dancing, for example
 Focus on the goals of each movement during an activity. Through repeated practice, your muscles will become trained to carry out the correct movements automatically. This will allow you to focus more on the overall goal, such as winning a race

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

### Kinesthetic and Existential Intelligences

- Striving for excellence in coordinated movement can create a mental state that improves your ability to grasp existential topics. Learn about "flow state" and how it is achieved
- Take part in activities that have a spiritual nature, like yoga, tai chi and meditation. These types of exercises encourage reflection, as you consider the wider world beyond you

#### Kinesthetic and Logical Intelligences

- Paerticipate in regular aerobic exercise. It has been shown to improve cognitive brain function, which controls your ability to think and remember
- To be more mentally alert, do your favorite exercise in the morning or around the middle of the day. If you've been exercising strenuously, allow some time to recover before trying to perform logical or mathematical activities
- Try activities that combine a kinesthetic challenge with logical strategy, such as tennis, baseball, golf or billiards

### **Naturalist**

### **Advice for Learning**





- Work on assignments in a natural environment that helps you focus in your backyard, for example, or at a park or beach
- Take part in school field trips. In addition to outdoor experiences, go on trips to science museums, art galleries and other environments where you can use your senses to identify and classify objects
- Join or start an environmental project, at school or in your community

of their song, perfumes by their smell and fabrics by their texture

• In class, look for ways to incorporate nature and the environment. For example, you could write a paper about how weather conditions have affected worldwide events

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

#### Recommendations

best for you.
 Spend time in a natural environment. Pay attention to the animals, plants and other objects around you, noting the differences and similarities. Imagine how each living thing fits into its environment, and how the rocks and landscape were formed
 Practice grouping objects — both natural and non-living ones — according to their features. This is called categorization. Use multiple senses when categorizing objects. For example, you might identify birds by the sounds

Get involved in an environmental cause. You may initially decide to join an organization because you know people who are already involved or because there is a need for your skills. Whatever the reason, the important thing is that you gradually learn about and appreciate the cause itself

### Naturalist and Existential Intelligences

- Think about the complexities in nature the many individual details that form the whole. Use your knowledge of the natural world to consider questions about the purpose and direction of nature, and our responsibilities to it
- Deepen your spiritual connection to nature. Take time alone in the natural environment to relax, observe and open your mind to what's around you. Think about why you feel happy or at peace in your favorite natural settings

#### Naturalist and Logical Intelligences

- Practice applying your ability in pattern recognition (such as seeing patterns in physical objects in the environment) to abstract concepts like numbers and scientific principles
- Study the scientific discoveries of the natural world. Find out how they were made, what methods were used, and how they connect to other scientific theories. Apply similar methods to make your own observations in nature
- Get involved with a group or organization that focuses on the natural environment. Help with tasks that require using logical-mathematical intelligence. For example, you could assist with cataloguing and organizing items or accounting and budgeting

### Musical

### **Advice for Learning**





- Take any kind of music, singing or dance class. If you play an instrument, learn to play another, unrelated type of instrument
- Take speech and debate, poetry or creative writing class. Pay attention to the rhythm and patterns in speech and writing. Try reading and writing different things with varying paces and different tone
- When working on assignments, playing sports or working with your hands, try to move and work with a rhythm that suits the activity
- Take a drama class and learn how actors use tone and rhythm to convey more meaning than words alone can do

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

• If permitted, include music in your presentations or projects. Be sure to select music that complements your assignment. Don't just pick your current favorites, unless they are relevant!

#### Recommendations

	and the state of t
be	st for you.
	Listen carefully to music. Try to identify different instruments or tracks, and follow the rhythm and pitch for each
	Play games that center around making music. There are many games that allow you dance, sing or play a simulated instrument to popular music
	Learn to create music. Try singing along to music at first, then afterwards on your own. Or, try playing along to music and then on your own. There are many websites and YouTube videos that provide step-by-step instructions for different instruments and popular songs
	Use background sound to focus. Try listening to different types of music during an activity to learn which ones work best for you. You may also find that silence, or white noise, in the background works best at times

#### Musical and Existential Intelligences

- When listening to music, try to determine the overall theme of a song, or even a whole album. Think of why certain sounds and rhythms were used, and how they relate to the theme
- Think about why music exists. What is its historical basis? What purpose does it serve? These questions may lead to deeper questions that are unrelated to music. Explore those questions as well
- Consider music in different cultures. Think about how people use music from hymns to chants to drumming to explore existential questions and responses

#### Musical and Logical Intelligences

- Use music to help you focus. Listening to baroque music and formal musical training have been shown to help with math and reasoning
- Learn about the connections between math and music. Music is very much about patterns and sequences of notes and changes in vibration. Study the mathematical relationships of musical notes on the scale, sound energy and volume, and string length and pitch
- Play music-based video games or use computer programs to produce and edit music

# **Emotional Intelligence (EI)**







### **Emotional Intelligence and You**

Emotional intelligence (EI) is your ability to recognize and manage your feelings and behavior, and those of other people, in a way that helps you.

Most Recent Results		

Your El score is a blend of your interpersonal and intrapersonal intelligences scores. El relates closely to these two intelligences.

Your emotional intelligence is currently at a moderate level. This affects your ability to judge what others are thinking or feeling. You sometimes realize how your mood is affecting your thoughts, but at other times you may not. You can usually describe how you are feeling and occasionally convince others to go along with your ideas. These are all abilities that you can improve with effort. The information in this section will help you develop your emotional intelligence.

### **Emotional Intelligence Traits**

Read the list of traits related to EI and indicate the degree to which each is a strength or challenge for you. Be sure to update this list as you develop challenges into strengths.

Adaptable: able to deal with new and changing conditions	<b>C</b> hallenge	0	0	0	<b>O</b> Strength
Assertive: honest, direct and willing to stand up for yourself	<b>O</b> Challenge	0	0	0	Strength
Composed: think carefully before reacting and resist being impulsive	<b>C</b> hallenge	0	0	0	O Strength
Content: happy and satisfied with your life	<b>O</b> Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
<b>Empathic:</b> intensely aware of needs and feelings — your own, and other people's	<b>O</b> Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
<b>Expressive:</b> can communicate your emotions to others in a healthy way	<b>O</b> Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
Influential: can guide other's emotions in a purposeful way	<b>O</b> Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
Intimate: build and maintain healthy and close personal relationships	<b>C</b> hallenge	0	0	0	O Strength

Optimistic: have a positive outlook on life	Challenge	0	0	0	Strength
Perceptive: keenly aware of your emotions and those of other people	Challenge	0	0	0	Strength
<b>Regulated:</b> able to manage your emotions and behavior in a variety of situations	Challenge	0	0	0	Strength
Resilient: can deal with pressure and stress in a healthy way	Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
Motivated: persist and overcome difficulties to achieve goals	Challenge	0	0	0	<b>Strength</b>
Connected: build social connections with many different people	Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
Recommendations The following recommendations are based on your results. Select the ones Developing Emotional Intelligence  Develop a sense of humor and try to make people laugh without putting		would v	vork best	: for you.	
down  Learn to laugh at yourself and endear yourself to others by showing humility					
Write out your thoughts and create a plan for self-improvement. Make a list of goals, from easy to difficult, to accomplish in the next year					
Volunteer to help others. This is especially effective if you are able to interact directly with those you are helping, such as at a hospital, homeless shelter, or retirement center					
Participate regularly in healthy activities that provide stress relief. Some examples include meditation, exercise, music, playing with a pet or talking with a close friend					
Take responsibility for your problems or difficulties. While it is easy to complain or blame others, this rarely leads to a solution. Choose one difficulty you're currently dealing with and figure out how you can take ownership and fix it yourself					
Learn to say No when you mean it. When you say Yes out of guilt, or Maybe to avoid confrontation, you invite more problems than you solve in that moment. There is no need to be mean or selfish. Just be assertive about what you can realistically accomplish					
Practice being grateful. While it is important to take responsibility for difficulties, it is just as important to remind yourself of the good things in your life. Once a week, write down what makes you thankful. Record it in the same					
place each time, so you can easily review the things you were grateful for in the previous week  Move outside of your own perspective. When you are critical of other people or ideas, it is often because you only see things from your own perspective. Before judging, ask others why they feel the way they do. Learn more about people's backgrounds and about cultures that differ from your own. Practice listening more than speaking. Ask questions respectfully, with the goal of learning about others' views, instead of trying to make your own point				oout j. Ask	

# **Career and Pathways**



The careers listed below are all linked to your assessment results, with the careers at the top being the best match for your profile.

### **Intelligences Results**

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Database Administrators	Information Technology	
Radio Frequency Identification Device Specialists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Cost Estimators	Architecture and Construction	
Database Architects	Information Technology	
Computer and Information Research Scientists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Logistics Analysts	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Information Security Analysts	Information Technology	
Software Developers, Systems Software	Information Technology	
Computer Systems Analysts	Information Technology	
Electrical Engineering Technologists	Manufacturing	
Computer Systems Engineers/Architects	Information Technology	
Business Intelligence Analysts	Information Technology	
Telecommunications Engineering Specialists	Information Technology	
Logistics Managers	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Geospatial Information Scientists and Technologists	Information Technology	
Treasurers and Controllers	Finance	
Investment Fund Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Product Safety Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Software Developers, Applications	Information Technology	
Survey Researchers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Computer Network Architects	Information Technology	
Software Quality Assurance Engineers and Testers	Information Technology	
Geographic Information Systems Technicians	Information Technology	
Logistics Engineers	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Information Technology Project Managers	Information Technology	
Actuaries	Finance	
	Science, Technology, Engineering and	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

Computer Network Support Specialists	Information Technology	
Industrial Engineering Technologists	Manufacturing	
Electronics Engineering Technologists	Manufacturing	
Operations Research Analysts	Business Management and Administration	
Electrical Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Construction Managers	Architecture and Construction	
Electromechanical Engineering Technologists	Manufacturing	
Purchasing Agents, Except Wholesale, Retail, and Farm Products	Manufacturing	
Wind Energy Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Risk Management Specialists	Finance	
Network and Computer Systems Administrators	Information Technology	
Surveyors	Architecture and Construction	
Document Management Specialists	Information Technology	
Fire-Prevention and Protection Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Web Developers	Information Technology	
Market Research Analysts and Marketing Specialists	Marketing	
Energy Brokers	Marketing	
Supply Chain Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Mathematical Science Teachers, Postsecondary	Education and Training	
Transportation Planners	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Web Administrators	Information Technology	
Security Management Specialists	Business Management and Administration	
Clinical Data Managers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Logisticians	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Mechanical Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Government Property Inspectors and Investigators	Government and Public Administration	
		1 LA 2
Financial Analysts	Finance	
Financial Analysts Industrial Engineering Technicians	Finance Manufacturing	

Climate Change Analysts	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Biomass Power Plant Managers	Business Management and Administration	
City and Regional Planning Aides	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Wind Energy Project Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Economists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Search Marketing Strategists	Information Technology	
Transportation Engineers	Architecture and Construction	
Biofuels/Biodiesel Technology and Product Development Managers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Computer and Information Systems Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Electronics Engineers, Except Computer	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Business Continuity Planners	Business Management and Administration	
Personal Financial Advisors	Finance	
Computer User Support Specialists	Information Technology	
Computer Programmers	Information Technology	
Intelligence Analysts	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Water Resource Specialists	Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources	
Optometrists	Health Science	
Aerospace Engineering and Operations Technicians	Manufacturing	
Fire Inspectors	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Industrial Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Occupational Health and Safety Technicians	Government and Public Administration	
Assessors	Government and Public Administration	
Solar Sales Representatives and Assessors	Marketing	
Forensic Science Technicians	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Orthoptists	Health Science	
Geodetic Surveyors	Architecture and Construction	
Buyers and Purchasing Agents, Farm Products	Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources	

Social Science Research Assistants	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Mechatronics Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Acupuncturists	Health Science	
Atmospheric and Space Scientists	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Statisticians	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Precision Agriculture Technicians	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Occupational Health and Safety Specialists	Government and Public Administration	
Microsystems Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Mathematicians	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Computer Hardware Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Accountants	Finance	
Energy Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Solar Energy Systems Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Nuclear Engineers	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	
Hydroelectric Production Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Power Distributors and Dispatchers	Manufacturing	
Biostatisticians	Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics	