

# **Intelligences and You**











# **Intrapersonal Intelligence**



Intrapersonal intelligence includes the ability to understand oneself -- emotions, fears, motivations, strengths and weaknesses. This intelligence allows you to reflect upon your own thinking and behavior, learn from that reflection, find ways for self-improvement, and build self-confidence.

Strengths	Challenges
Well aware of personal abilities, challenges, feelings and attitudes	Give little thought to personal goals and abilities when making decisions
Set realistic goals, able to focus and stay on track	Unaware of how mood, attitude and tone of voice can affect other people
☐ In control of emotions, good at handling high-stress situations	Allow personal opinions to negatively affect decisions and interactions with others
Make decisions thoughtfully and carefully	Set unrealistic goals and make limited progress, often
Ethical and objective, aware of how personal	giving up
viewpoints can be biased or unfair	Don't understand how to recognize and manage own emotions
Famous People with Strong Intrapersonal Intelligence	Top Careers for Intrapersonal Intelligence
Confucius (philosopher, teacher)	1. Gaming Supervisors
Sigmund Freud (neurologist, psychoanalyst)	Judges, Magistrate Judges, and Magistrates
Mohandas Ghandi (lawyer, ideological leader)	3. Child, Family, and School Social Workers
Helen Keller (speaker,	4. Chief Executives
author)	i. Office Excoderves
author)	E Edwardian Administration Durant and Children
Terry Fox (athlete,	<ol><li>Education Administrators, Preschool and Childcare Center/Program</li></ol>
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Terry Fox (athlete,	Center/Program
Terry Fox (athlete,	Center/Program  6. Postmasters and Mail Superintendents
Terry Fox (athlete,	Center/Program 6. Postmasters and Mail Superintendents 7. Psychiatric Aides

### Kinesthetic

# **Kinesthetic Intelligence**









This intelligence provides you with the mind and body coordination needed to move your body and other objects. It influences small movements, such as using your fingers to play a musical instrument, and large movements, such as running and catching a ball. Kinesthetic intelligence also affects certain mental abilities such as visualizing and remembering complex movements.

Strengths	Challenges
Have good balance and coordination when moving or being physically active	<ul> <li>Avoid activities that require good coordination or complex movements</li> </ul>
Good at hands-on activities, such as using tools and objects to build, create and repair	Not interested in playing competitive sports
Can analyze complex movements and the steps involved to identify problems and solutions	Do not use movement or physical precision for self- expression — through dance, painting or handmade
Use movement to express feelings and ideas — through gestures, body language, acting or dance, for example	crafts, for example  Lack confidence when using tools and other physical objects to complete tasks
Have good reflexes — react quickly and instinctively	Unaware of own body language and may miss non- verbal cues from others
Famous People with Strong Kinesthetic Intelligence	Top Careers for Kinesthetic Intelligence
	Intelligence
Kinesthetic İntelligence	Intelligence  1. Fallers
Kinesthetic İntelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)	Intelligence  1. Fallers 2. Fence Erectors
Kinesthetic Intelligence  ☐ Michael Jordan (basketball player)  ☐ Bruce Lee (martial artist)	Intelligence  1. Fallers 2. Fence Erectors 3. Tire Builders
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)  Bruce Lee (martial artist)  Paula Abdul (dancer, choreographer)	Intelligence  1. Fallers 2. Fence Erectors
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)  Bruce Lee (martial artist)  Paula Abdul (dancer, choreographer)  David Blaine (magician, endurance artist)	Intelligence  1. Fallers 2. Fence Erectors 3. Tire Builders 4. Rail Car Repairers
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)  Bruce Lee (martial artist)  Paula Abdul (dancer, choreographer)  David Blaine (magician, endurance artist)  Jim Carrey (actor,	Intelligence  1. Fallers 2. Fence Erectors 3. Tire Builders 4. Rail Car Repairers 5. Dancers
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)  Bruce Lee (martial artist)  Paula Abdul (dancer, choreographer)  David Blaine (magician, endurance artist)  Jim Carrey (actor,	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Fallers</li> <li>Fence Erectors</li> <li>Tire Builders</li> <li>Rail Car Repairers</li> <li>Dancers</li> <li>Athletes and Sports Competitors</li> </ol>
Kinesthetic Intelligence  Michael Jordan (basketball player)  Bruce Lee (martial artist)  Paula Abdul (dancer, choreographer)  David Blaine (magician, endurance artist)  Jim Carrey (actor,	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Fallers</li> <li>Fence Erectors</li> <li>Tire Builders</li> <li>Rail Car Repairers</li> <li>Dancers</li> <li>Athletes and Sports Competitors</li> <li>Municipal Firefighters</li> </ol>

#### Interpersonal

### **Interpersonal Intelligence**









to the mood, personality and goals of others. Challenges Strengths Relate well to Difficulty building and maintaining social relationships Do not notice or respond appropriately to others' Notice and understand people's needs, perspectives, feelings, motivations or behaviors emotions and motivations Not good at collaborative Connect and interact with people quickly and work easily Uncomfortable interacting with people whose Form and maintain lasting experiences, views and beliefs differ from own relationships Don't see the humor in things that others find Able to lead, influence and inspire funny others **Famous People with Strong Top Careers for Interpersonal Interpersonal Intelligence** Intelligence Martin Luther King, Jr. (clergyman, civil rights activist) 1. Marriage and Family Therapists Mother Teresa (nun, 2. Educational, Guidance, School, and Vocational humanitarian) Counselors Oprah Winfrey (talk-show host, philanthropist) 3. Patient Representatives Anthony Robbins (success coach, professional 4. Psychiatrists speaker) 5. Lodging Managers Ellen DeGeneres (comedian, talk-show host) 6. Arbitrators, Mediators, and Conciliators 7. Public Relations and Fundraising Managers 8. Transportation Managers

9. Emergency Management Directors

10. Counseling Psychologists

This intelligence includes understanding and working with people, building relationships, seeing the world from others' point of view, communicating well verbally and non-verbally, cooperating in a group, having influence, and responding

# **Musical Intelligence**









This intelligence includes the ability to play an instrument or sing, as well as a number of other skills such as: recognizing tones, patterns, rhythms, beats and sounds; enjoying and analyzing music; understanding musical structures; and, creating melodies and rhythms.

Strengths	Challenges
Enjoy a wide range of different types of	Enjoy only a few types of music
<ul> <li>music</li> <li>Use music to influence mood, build motivation and boost productivity</li> <li>Easily pick up on the beat or chords in music and recognize different instruments by their sounds</li> <li>Notice and use different tones in speech to impart emotion, emphasis or meaning</li> <li>Sing well, can play one or more instruments and could easily learn another</li> <li>Readily recall tunes and lyrics, and can use music, rhythms and patterns to remember things</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Music has little effect on mood, motivation and emotions</li> <li>Difficulty identifying sounds of different musical instruments</li> <li>Not likely to notice or use tone that imparts meaning in speech — for example, detecting and using sarcasm</li> <li>Do not sing well and would have trouble learning to play an instrument</li> <li>Do not remember melodies and lyrics of songs</li> </ul>
Famous People with Strong Musical Intelligence	Top Careers for Musical Intelligence
Musical Intelligence  ☐ Jennifer Lopez (musician,	Intelligence
Musical Intelligence  Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)	Intelligence  1. Music Composers and Arrangers
Musical Intelligence  Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)  Elvis Presley (singer-	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> </ol>
Musical Intelligence  ☐ Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)  ☐ Elvis Presley (singer-songwriter)  ☐ Beyoncé Knowles (singer, songwriter and actress)	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Music Therapists</li> </ol>
Musical Intelligence  ☐ Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)  ☐ Elvis Presley (singer-songwriter)  ☐ Beyoncé Knowles (singer, songwriter and actress)  ☐ William James "will.i.am" Adams Jr. (musician and	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Music Therapists</li> <li>Physicists</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>Musical Intelligence</li> <li>☐ Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)</li> <li>☐ Elvis Presley (singer-songwriter)</li> <li>☐ Beyoncé Knowles (singer, songwriter and actress)</li> <li>☐ William James "will.i.am" Adams Jr. (musician and producer)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Music Therapists</li> <li>Physicists</li> <li>Singers</li> </ol>
Musical Intelligence  ☐ Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)  ☐ Elvis Presley (singer-songwriter)  ☐ Beyoncé Knowles (singer, songwriter and actress)  ☐ William James "will.i.am" Adams Jr. (musician and	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Music Therapists</li> <li>Physicists</li> <li>Singers</li> <li>Music Directors</li> </ol>
<ul> <li>Musical Intelligence</li> <li>☐ Jennifer Lopez (musician, composer)</li> <li>☐ Elvis Presley (singer-songwriter)</li> <li>☐ Beyoncé Knowles (singer, songwriter and actress)</li> <li>☐ William James "will.i.am" Adams Jr. (musician and producer)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Intelligence</li> <li>Music Composers and Arrangers</li> <li>Art, Drama, and Music Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Music Therapists</li> <li>Physicists</li> <li>Singers</li> <li>Music Directors</li> <li>Musicians, Instrumental</li> </ol>

### Spatial

# **Spatial Intelligence**









Spatial intelligence includes the ability to identify objects accurately, change and recreate images, and recognize how shapes and objects relate to each other. While this intelligence is typically applied through visual means, spatial intelligence does not only rely on vision. It can also be used through touch and sometimes even hearing.

Strengths	Challenges
Able to visualize images — both real and imagined — with great clarity, and to picture how they would look when rotated or modified	Difficulty learning information that is visual (presented as images or diagrams) or tactile (presented through touch and handling objects)
<ul> <li>Notice and remember visual details and tend to evaluate the design, symmetry or beauty of things</li> <li>Can work with shape, size, position and location to solve problems and design, arrange or build things</li> <li>Have a good sense of direction and can easily navigate through different environments, whether on foot, driving or traveling by air or on water</li> <li>Can accurately visualize and estimate distances and measurements</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Poor memory for visual details such as locations and what things look like; may also forget faces</li> <li>Dislike puzzles, mazes, building models and other activities that require fitting pieces together</li> <li>Easily lose sense of direction and have trouble understanding and following maps, charts and diagrams</li> <li>Struggle to estimate distances and measurements, whether they are distances for travel or measurements</li> </ul>
Famous People with Strong Spatial Intelligence Frank Lloyd Wright (architect, interior	Top Careers for Spatial Intelligence  1. Civil Drafters
designer)  Michelangelo (artist, engineer)	Mechanical Drafters
Steven Spielberg (film director, video game designer)  Vera Wang (fashion designer)  Christopher Columbus (explorer, navigator)	<ol> <li>Computer Hardware Engineers</li> <li>Agricultural Engineers</li> <li>Commercial and Industrial Designers</li> <li>Biomedical Engineers</li> <li>Architecture Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Pilots, Ship</li> <li>Architectural Drafters</li> </ol>
	10. Transportation Engineers

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# **Logical Intelligence**









This intelligence includes the ability to reason inductively (make conclusions based on observations) and deductively (make conclusions based on hypotheses). This intelligence also involves finding relationships between abstract ideas (numbers, for example), recognizing logical sequences and patterns, recognizing problems and solving them. This intelligence is closely linked with being successful in school.

Strengths	Challenges
Easily recognize number patterns and can make quick, accurate calculations	Struggle with abstract mathematical and logical concepts
☐ Understand the relationship between cause and effect — to predict how one thing can affect another	Poor problem-solving ability — don't know how to use or develop approaches for reaching the best solution
Can identify all the parts in a system and how they interact	Dislike activities involving puzzles, strategy, calculations or formulas
Analyze information to determine what is important versus what is not	Find it hard to categorize and organize things in a logical manner
Able to work with abstract concepts and use symbols to represent concrete ideas	Not inclined to experiment or form theories to explain things
Famous People with Strong Logical Intelligence	Top Careers for Logical Intelligence
Thomas Edison (inventor, businessman)	1. Mathematical Technicians
Albert Einstein (physicist, humanitarian)	Operations Research Analysts
Humanitanan)	•
Florence Nightingale (nurse, statistician)	3. Actuaries
•	<ul><li>3. Actuaries</li><li>4. Software Developers, Applications</li></ul>
Florence Nightingale (nurse, statistician)  Sherlock Holmes (fictional detective)	<ul><li>3. Actuaries</li><li>4. Software Developers, Applications</li><li>5. Mathematical Science Teachers, Postsecondary</li></ul>
Florence Nightingale (nurse, statistician)	<ul><li>3. Actuaries</li><li>4. Software Developers, Applications</li><li>5. Mathematical Science Teachers, Postsecondary</li><li>6. Agricultural Engineers</li></ul>
Florence Nightingale (nurse, statistician)  Sherlock Holmes (fictional detective)	<ol> <li>Actuaries</li> <li>Software Developers, Applications</li> <li>Mathematical Science Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Agricultural Engineers</li> <li>Biomedical Engineers</li> </ol>
Florence Nightingale (nurse, statistician)  Sherlock Holmes (fictional detective)	<ol> <li>Actuaries</li> <li>Software Developers, Applications</li> <li>Mathematical Science Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Agricultural Engineers</li> <li>Biomedical Engineers</li> <li>Transportation Engineers</li> </ol>
Florence Nightingale (nurse, statistician)  Sherlock Holmes (fictional detective)	<ol> <li>Actuaries</li> <li>Software Developers, Applications</li> <li>Mathematical Science Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Agricultural Engineers</li> <li>Biomedical Engineers</li> </ol>

### Linguistic

# **Linguistic Intelligence**









Linguistic intelligence helps you to understand and use language properly in reading, writing, speaking, including sign language and Braille. It also affects vocabulary and the ability to understand and use humor, create pictures using words, notice language patterns, and recognize relationships between words. Linguistic intelligence is one of the main intelligences linked with succeeding in school.

Strengths	Challenges
☐ Know how to use vocabulary, sentence structure,	Have difficulty with grammar, vocabulary, reading,
grammar and spelling for clear communication	writing, new languages and word-based puzzles
Easily remember word-based information	Struggle with communication, creativity and memory
<ul> <li>Good at learning new languages and other symbol systems, such as computer code and hieroglyphs</li> <li>Use language creatively for such things as storytelling, writing, using humor and composing poetry</li> </ul>	for general facts  Avoid activities that involve reading, writing and speaking, especially when dealing with challenging material
Can tailor communication style depending on topic, audience and purpose	Don't pick up on subtle forms of humor, such as irony, sarcasm and satire
	Have trouble remembering things that are read or heard
Famous People with Strong Linguistic Intelligence	Top Careers for Linguistic Intelligence
William Shakespeare (author, playwright)	1. Interpreters and Translators
Barack Obama (lawyer, U.S. president)	2. Technical Writers
Maya Angelou (poet,	3. Lawyers
author)  Noam Chomsky (linguist, philosopher)	4. Political Scientists
	5. Speech-Language Pathologists
Jean-François Champollion (linguist who first deciphered Egyptian hieroglyphs)	6. Neuropsychologists and Clinical Neuropsychologists
deciphered Egyptian merogryphis	7. Training and Development Specialists
	8. Soil and Plant Scientists
	9. Foreign Language and Literature Teachers,
	Postsecondary

### Existential

### **Existential Intelligence**









Existential intelligence is the ability to see the big picture in everything - the relationships and connections, vastness and limitations, and how everything fits together. This intelligence is used in considering questions about our existence, such as purpose, life, death, and our place in the universe. NOTE: Existential Intelligence should not be confused with existentialism. Existentialism is an area of philosophy dealing with certain views on human existence. Philosophers who examine and promote existentialist theories would certainly use their existential intelligence. However, the intelligence can be applied to other areas as well.

Strengths	Challenges
Summarize details to understand a larger concept — putting together the elements of a career plan or game strategy, for example	Not interested in exploring "deep" questions about life, death and the universe. Prefer questions that have clea and final answers
See things from different points of view — understanding others' cultures or values, or both sides of a debate, for example	Focus on immediate tasks and getting them done, rather than thinking about different possibilities and how things connect in a bigger way
<ul> <li>Explore questions about human existence through study of philosophy, ethics, the arts, or religion and spirituality</li> <li>Connect different ideas to envision something new and creative</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Difficulty understanding perspectives, values and opinions that differ from own</li> <li>Rely on repetition and memory techniques for learning rather than looking for ways to relate facts to a larger concept</li> </ul>
Famous People with Strong Existential Intelligence	Top Careers for Existential Intelligence
<ul> <li>Aristotle (philosopher, teacher)</li> <li>The Dalai Lama (spiritual leader)</li> <li>Deepak Chopra (doctor, speaker/author)</li> <li>Ralph W. Emerson (essayist, transcendentalist)</li> <li>Jane Addams (philosopher, activist)</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Clergy</li> <li>Political Science Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Sociologists</li> <li>Advanced Practice Psychiatric Nurses</li> <li>Training and Development Specialists</li> <li>Directors, Religious Activities and Education</li> <li>Sociology Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Philosophy and Religion Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Social Work Teachers, Postsecondary</li> </ol>
	<ol><li>History Teachers, Postsecondary</li></ol>

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# **Naturalist Intelligence**

Naturalist intelligence involves being able to recognize, appreciate and group different things in the environment: plants, animals, people, structures, weather patterns, landscapes and so on. It also allows one to see the connections between different parts of the environment, to easily recognize when environmental changes happen, and to understand what impacts those changes might have. People with a strong naturalist intelligence are typically viewed as being "in tune" with nature.

Challenges
Difficulty identifying or grouping plants, animals and objects in the natural environment, as well as manufactured objects like cars and clothing
<ul> <li>Don't notice similarities between seemingly different objects</li> <li>Unable to identify the sights and sounds of nature — birds and their songs, for example, or the appearance of plants, rocks or cloud formations</li> <li>Feel uncomfortable in a natural environment — may fear wild animals, dislike insects, sand and dirt, and miss urban conveniences</li> <li>Unaware of gradual shifts in the weather and the effects of factors such as temperature, humidity, wind and pressure</li> <li>Not concerned about environmental protection, pollution controls or water quality</li> </ul>
Top Careers for Naturalist Intelligence
<ol> <li>Hunters and Trappers</li> <li>Park Naturalists</li> <li>Sustainability Specialists</li> <li>Veterinarians</li> <li>Environmental Science Teachers, Postsecondary</li> <li>Animal Breeders</li> <li>Farmworkers, Farm, Ranch, and Aquacultural Animals</li> <li>Environmental Science and Protection Technicians, Including Health</li> <li>Forest and Conservation Workers</li> <li>Fishers and Related Fishing Workers</li> </ol>

### Rate your profile:

How well does it match you?

# **Developing Your Intelligences**





These are your superpowers -- use your strengths to improve in other areas.

### **Intrapersonal**

#### **Advice for Learning**





- Learn about and practice good decision making and setting realistic goals. Check your progress regularly
- Build awareness of your feelings, attitudes and behavior. Keep a journal or blog and record your thoughts about your experiences at school. Later, review and reflect on what you've written. Try to analyze your thoughts objectively
- When receiving corrective criticism, remind yourself that feedback is intended to help you improve your skills. It's not meant to judge you as a person
- Monitor and manage negative emotions. If you notice yourself feeling frustrated, angry or upset, take a mental "time
  out". A brief pause to step back from the situation, calm down and gather your thoughts, even if just for a few
  seconds, can help you regain control

#### Recommendations

be	est for you.
	Spend time on yourself. Understanding your own feelings can help you sympathize and empathize with others, to appreciate what they feel. It can also help you feel more energized, self-confident and focused
	Take time to reflect. Consider your thoughts, feelings and behaviors. What actions have brought you success and what you would like to change in the future? You may want to try meditation, self-help books or courses that can help with self-analysis
	Set specific, realistic goals. Make sure they range from short-term to long-term and easy to more difficult. As you achieve them and your confidence increases, take on greater challenges
	Practice being self-aware. Try to predict how your actions — or inactions — will affect you, and other people, in future

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

#### Intrapersonal and Musical Intelligences

- Try using music as a tool to influence your mood. Use your self-knowledge and awareness of your feelings. Think about the kind of music you enjoy listening to and how it affects you. Eventually, you can try creating your own music to suit your mood or to change it
- Consider why certain music might affect your mood. What instruments are being used? What effect does rhythm have? What style of music appeals to you or turns you off, and why?

#### Intrapersonal and Spatial Intelligences

- Express your emotions and inner thoughts in new and creative ways by exploring different forms of visual art, such as painting, photography or sculpting
- Spend some time in a museum or gallery, or look at art displays in your school. Study the different spatial forms and use them to inspire self-reflection
- When finding your way around somewhere, shift away from your inward focus and concentrate on your surroundings. Good observational skills seeing and remembering what is around you will help you develop a better sense of direction and improve your map reading ability

#### Kinesthetic

#### **Advice for Learning**



- Actively use your body and your five senses to "learn by doing". Use hands-on activities, such as manipulating objects or conducting experiments, to learn new concepts. You remember information better when it is related to an activity
- Try to remain active when you're concentrating on learning something. For example, you could squeeze a stress ball while watching a presentation
- Take short breaks to get up and move around or stretch during class time
- Complete reports and other assignments by acting out skits or building models
- · Get involved in coaching or assisting. This gives you the chance to design plays or routines, or to analyze and instruct on proper movement for the activity

#### Recommendations

best for you. When practicing a new movement, repeat it several times. This helps your nerves and muscles learn the proper patterns for the activity Think about your body's movement during an activity. Concentrate on how your limbs and muscles move when participating in swimming, martial arts, surfing, acting or dancing, for example Focus on the goals of each movement during an activity. Through repeated practice, your muscles will become trained to carry out the correct movements automatically. This will allow you to focus more on the overall goal, such as winning a race

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

#### Kinesthetic and Linguistic Intelligences

- When writing or speaking, create more vivid pictures for your audience by using words that are body or actionoriented. For example, a person can be "gripped" with panic, experience "spine tingling" excitement or have "gutwrenching" anxiety
- Read a book about an inspirational athlete, especially one that provides a first-person view of what some athletes call flow or being "in the zone"

#### Kinesthetic and Logical Intelligences

- Paerticipate in regular aerobic exercise. It has been shown to improve cognitive brain function, which controls your ability to think and remember
- To be more mentally alert, do your favorite exercise in the morning or around the middle of the day. If you've been exercising strenuously, allow some time to recover before trying to perform logical or mathematical activities
- Try activities that combine a kinesthetic challenge with logical strategy, such as tennis, baseball, golf or billiards

### Your moderate strengths can often be developed more easily than weaker areas.

### **Interpersonal**

#### **Advice for Learning**





- Learn how to be a good listener. Practice "active listening" and use every conversation as an opportunity to better understand other people's points of view
- Talk to other students, teachers or experts to learn more about topics covered in class. Try to be prepared with good questions
- Ask your teacher about working in pairs or groups, or participating in projects with other classes, to encourage discussion. Outside of class, join or form a study group
- Get involved in a social cause that relates to a topic you're studying, or volunteer to mentor other students in a subject you know well
- Take part in role playing, presentations, debates and group activities

#### Recommendations

e following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work est for you.
There are many tools available — including books, courses, videos and websites — to help improve your relationship skills. Some are better than others, so be sure to select a good quality resource. If possible, try to get feedback or recommendations from people who have used that resource before
Be observant. Pay attention to people's facial expressions and posture. Try to spend more time listening than talking By being sensitive to others' perspectives, emotions and motives, you can adapt your response to what is needed — and provide support, encouragement, an opinion or advice, for example
Get involved in volunteering, mentoring or charity work. These activities can improve your ability to feel empathy, understand others' points of view and build your communication skills
Expand your network. Interact with people of different ages, cultures and skill sets

#### Interpersonal and Existential Intelligences

- Enhance your exploration of deeper subjects by interacting with people who are spiritual or philosophical. Conversations with them will likely lead to questions of an existential nature
- Read online forums that discuss existential topics. Try to understand the beliefs people are expressing and be sensitive to their views and feelings. If you contribute to the forum, always use caution and avoid providing personal details online

#### Interpersonal and Naturalist Intelligences

- Join an outdoor or environmentalist club that requires someone with your interpersonal skills. You can help the group by hosting public discussions or giving presentations on its behalf
- Get involved with a naturalist cause through an organization like Audubon or the World Wildlife Fund. As you interact with the group's members, learn about the issues and sympathize with their cause, you will begin to appreciate nature on your own

#### **Musical**

#### **Advice for Learning**





- Take any kind of music, singing or dance class. If you play an instrument, learn to play another, unrelated type of instrument
- Take speech and debate, poetry or creative writing class. Pay attention to the rhythm and patterns in speech and writing. Try reading and writing different things with varying paces and different tone
- When working on assignments, playing sports or working with your hands, try to move and work with a rhythm that suits the activity
- Take a drama class and learn how actors use tone and rhythm to convey more meaning than words alone can do

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

• If permitted, include music in your presentations or projects. Be sure to select music that complements your assignment. Don't just pick your current favorites, unless they are relevant!

#### Recommendations

be	st for you.
	Listen carefully to music. Try to identify different instruments or tracks, and follow the rhythm and pitch for each
	Play games that center around making music. There are many games that allow you dance, sing or play a simulated instrument to popular music
	Learn to create music. Try singing along to music at first, then afterwards on your own. Or, try playing along to music and then on your own. There are many websites and YouTube videos that provide step-by-step instructions for different instruments and popular songs
	Use background sound to focus. Try listening to different types of music during an activity to learn which ones work best for you. You may also find that silence, or white noise, in the background works best at times

#### Musical and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Watch and play instruments that require a lot of coordinated movement, such as drums, guitar, piano or violin
- Take part in fitness routines that use music for motivation, timing and rhythm
- Participate in dance classes, which provide a very strong connection between movement and music. Pay close attention to the pace and rhythm of the music as you move, stretch and control your muscles

#### Musical and Intrapersonal Intelligences

- Use music to explore your personal thoughts. When singing, playing or creating a piece of music, reflect on what the piece means to you. How does it make you feel?
- Try using music to change your mood to energize or calm yourself, for instance. Think about why you connect with music in different situations. What instruments are being played? Does the rhythm or tempo have an effect?
- Use music to practice setting goals. For example, challenge yourself to play increasingly difficult pieces of music or learn to play a new instrument. Monitor your progress regularly and take time to reflect on what you've learned

### **Spatial**

#### **Advice for Learning**



- When taking notes or studying, use mind maps, charts, diagrams or pictures to visualize the topics you are learning about. Create sketches or mental images to help you memorize and recall information
- Imagine different ways of seeing things. Visualize how they would look based on a description. Then think about how they would look if you rotated them, or changed a color, shape or other feature
- Take elective courses like art, marketing and advertising, dance, animation, video production, woodworking or design
- When permitted, incorporate visual representations into your assignments and projects. For example, you could make use of charts, posters, diagrams, animations or videos

#### Recommendations

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work best for you.

	Practice hands-on activities like completing jigsaw puzzles, designing clothes, working on engines, choreographing a
	dance routine or constructing woodwork projects. These activities encourage the use of multiple senses, such as
	vision, touch and hearing, to observe shape, distance and direction in a three-dimensional space. Paper and
	computer-based visual puzzles can also help, but rely solely on visual observation
П	Use visual presentations to communicate information. For example, create graphs and charts to represent numbers
	and statistics. Use flow charts and mind maps for studying and taking notes. When preparing for activities that
	involve movement, especially complex moves, visualize your actions before the activity
П	Practice thinking about composition — the way in which the elements of an image, work of art or other objects are
	arranged and work together. Photography, art and design courses are an excellent way to get started. Becoming
	more aware of compositional details can help you become better at understanding and creating visual information

#### Spatial and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Before you begin an activity, visualize doing it. Imagine how the movements should be performed. Go back and forth between visualization and physically practicing it until you get it right
- Pursue activities that make use of both intelligences at the same time. Gymnastics, martial arts, skilled trades, and sports that involve catching, throwing and hitting, all require a keen awareness of distance and visual patterns

#### Spatial and Intrapersonal Intelligences

- Use your strength in visualization to connect with your inner self. If you were to draw a sketch of your feelings, what would it look like?
- Express your emotions in new and creative ways. Explore different forms of visual art, such as painting, photography and sculpting, or create your own functional objects
- Spend some time in a museum or gallery. Use the different art forms to inspire self-reflection

### Logical

#### **Advice for Learning**





- Use and create information that can be represented in multiple ways. For example, data can be placed in a chart or graph. Outlines can be shown as a mind map
- To improve your critical thinking skills, learn about the "fallacies of logic" (incorrect arguments or reasoning). Practice identifying and creating statements that demonstrate fallacies
- Ask others to help you spot flaws in your problem solving and analytical strategies. When you watch someone else analyze a problem, focus on the process they use to solve it and ask questions about each step
- Look for patterns and ways to organize information to make it easier to remember. For example, you could order items alphabetically or create acronyms for the names of things

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work

#### Recommendations

Try your skill at online puzzles. There are plenty of free websites available offering a variety of logic puzzles, riddles and unique math problems
 Use every opportunity to practice your math skills. For example, when leaving a tip at a restaurant, first try doing the calculation in your head, then on paper, then on a calculator. This will give you practice and allow you to check your answer
 Take a little time each week to read or watch a science-based article or story. Get to know some of the theories or facts in the story. Over the next few weeks, try to find real-world situations that relate to those concepts. For example, you can learn about RF radiation and how it is used to send signals to a cell phone
 Learn about common logical fallacies and how to avoid them. This can improve your reasoning skills and help you make more accurate conclusions, using reliable and unbiased information

#### Logical and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Pursue activities that combine movement or physical action with strategy, analysis and goal setting. Many team sports, as well as activities like paintball, golf and model building, use strategy, for example
- Design your ideal fitness program. Carry it out like an experiment: make observations, record your results and adjust your method as needed
- Follow a logical sequence of drills a conditioning program to prepare for a certain sport or activity. Use mirrors to analyze your movements for correct form

#### Logical and Intrapersonal Intelligences

- Use your skills in pattern recognition, reasoning and problem solving to understand yourself better
- Set goals, make plans and track your progress for specific achievements in school. For example, you could set a goal to achieve certain test scores or grades, get onto a sports team or be elected to student council
- Think of your emotions and innermost thoughts as puzzles to be analyzed. The clues are your behaviors and feelings in different situations. Just as puzzle-solving benefits from focus and undivided attention, learning about yourself occurs best during quiet self-reflection

### Linguistic

#### Advice for Learning





- Underline, highlight, or write down any new or unfamiliar words you come across in your reading. Look up these words as soon as you can
- Take elective classes like creative writing, speech and debate, drama, computer programming and foreign languages. Outside of class, participate in linguistic-based activities, such as solving crossword puzzles, playing Scrabble with friends or using word game websites like Free Rice and WordPlays.com
- Read aloud. For example, read stories to a sibling, or volunteer to read to younger students or children at the library. This will improve your flow, pronunciation and confidence
- Before you begin reading a text, familiarize yourself with the goals and main concept of the chapter. This will help you to better grasp the new information
- Get involved with the school paper or media club. Enter poetry, essay, or speech and debate contests

#### **Recommendations**

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work best for you.
 Practice using your linguistic skills at every opportunity — whether reading a book, writing an essay, sending an email, doing an interview or speaking to an audience
 Read a variety of high quality written works. This can improve your ability to understand and interpret different types of writing and the creative use of language. Ask your English teacher or a librarian to help you choose appropriate materials
 Expand your vocabulary when writing and speaking. Use a dictionary and thesaurus to help you identify new words to express what you want to say. Make sure you understand each word's definition and how to use it correctly in a sentence. If using it in a speech, learn the proper pronunciation
 Explore the subtleties of humor. For example, examine the use of irony, sarcasm and satire. Learn to enjoy different types of humor and practice being funny yourself

#### Linguistic and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Research and write out a plan to guide your efforts and track your progress as you work towards your personal kinesthetic goals
- Read a book about an inspirational athlete. Books that provide a first-person view of what athletes call "flow" or being "in the zone" are especially helpful
- Learn sign language. In addition to exercising your linguistic skills, it requires a certain level of coordination. It will improve your arm and hand dexterity

#### Linguistic and Intrapersonal Intelligences

- Read the works of great thinkers like Aristotle and Einstein, who had the ability to look inward for the solutions to problems
- Record your thoughts and feelings in a journal or blog in a well-articulated manner. Later, when you can be objective, review and analyze those thoughts and feelings
- Try using poetry and creative writing to better understand yourself. Select topics that make you think carefully about your past decisions, current motivations and plans for the future

# You may find these areas more challenging -- you can develop them using your strengths.

#### **Existential**

#### **Advice for Learning**



- When learning something new, think about how the topic fits into the greater scheme of things. What role does it play? Why is it important? How is it relevant to you, your community or the world?
- Look for ways to connect new concepts to what you already know. Ask yourself, what other subjects or ideas are similar to this one? What larger themes or groups could this topic fit under?
- Think about multiple points of view. For example, consider how your feelings about fossil fuels might compare to those of an oilfield worker or an environmentalist. How about the views of people in other jobs or in other countries? Try to understand perspectives on all sides of an idea or issue

#### Recommendations

e following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work st for you.
Talk to people who regularly explore deep topics, such as religious leaders, counselors, university professors or sociologists. Ask, respectfully, questions about life, why we exist and why the world works the way it does. Seek multiple sources to learn different points of view
Be willing to question your own beliefs and to be open to new possibilities. You don't have to believe everything you hear! But through questioning and adding to what you know, you will gain a better understanding of yourself, other and the world around you
Don't be disappointed if answers to your questions are unavailable or lead to more questions. Instead of trying to reach a final conclusion, your goal should be continual growth and maturity

#### Existential and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Take part in yoga, tai chi, martial arts and other activities that have a spiritual nature. They allow you to contemplate and consider the wider world while you develop your mind-body connectedness
- Investigate flow state and how to achieve it. Athletes describe being in a flow state during peak motivation, performance and mental focus. In this state, their senses are heightened and they can act instinctively

#### Existential and Intrapersonal Intelligences

- When thinking about existential questions, try to focus on those that have a personal nature. For example, "What is my purpose in life?" and "What would I like to be remembered for?"
- When examining your personal motivations, try to reflect more specifically on your goals, relationships and feelings
- Be aware of your thoughts and productivity during class and other work times. Self-monitoring can help you remain on task and keep up with your responsibilities

### **Naturalist**

#### **Advice for Learning**





- Work on assignments in a natural environment that helps you focus in your backyard, for example, or at a park or beach
- Take part in school field trips. In addition to outdoor experiences, go on trips to science museums, art galleries and other environments where you can use your senses to identify and classify objects
- Join or start an environmental project, at school or in your community
- In class, look for ways to incorporate nature and the environment. For example, you could write a paper about how weather conditions have affected worldwide events

#### Recommendations

The following recommendations are based on your results. Consider each and select the ones you think would work best for you.

Spend time in a natural environment. Pay attention to the animals, plants and other objects around you, noting the differences and similarities. Imagine how each living thing fits into its environment, and how the rocks and landscape were formed
Practice grouping objects — both natural and non-living ones — according to their features. This is called categorization. Use multiple senses when categorizing objects. For example, you might identify birds by the sounds of their song, perfumes by their smell and fabrics by their texture
Get involved in an environmental cause. You may initially decide to join an organization because you know people who are already involved or because there is a need for your skills. Whatever the reason, the important thing is that you gradually learn about and appreciate the cause itself

#### Naturalist and Kinesthetic Intelligences

- Spend time outdoors pursuing sports or other kinesthetic activities. Pay attention to your movements and think about how you can be more efficient in each step or motion
- When available, take classes like outdoor recreation and leadership. Outside of class, hike or bike along your favorite trails or in areas that will give your kinesthetic intelligence a workout
- Set physical challenges for yourself, increasing the difficulty as your ability improves

#### Naturalist and Intrapersonal Intelligences

- Think of an environment you enjoy. Concentrate on the broad details how would you describe it? Gradually shift your focus inward, to reflect on your thoughts and feelings
- Spend time on your own in a natural environment. Reflect and write about the experience in a journal
- Find an environment that helps you relax, improves your mood or provides inspiration. Think about why you like that particular environment

# **Emotional Intelligence (EI)**







#### **Emotional Intelligence and You**

Emotional intelligence (EI) is your ability to recognize and manage your feelings and behavior, and those of other people, in a way that helps you.

Most Recent Results	
Most Recent Results	)

Your El score is a blend of your interpersonal and intrapersonal intelligences scores. El relates closely to these two intelligences.

Your emotional intelligence is currently at a high level. This means you often know what others are thinking or feeling. You usually realize how your mood is affecting your thoughts and you are able to regulate your mood. You are good at describing your feelings and often convince others to go along with your ideas. If you keep developing your emotional intelligence, you can take on leadership positions and have a genuinely positive impact on the people around you. The information in this section will help you in that goal.

#### **Emotional Intelligence Traits**

Read the list of traits related to EI and indicate the degree to which each is a strength or challenge for you. Be sure to update this list as you develop challenges into strengths.

Adaptable: able to deal with new and changing conditions	O Challenge	0	O O Strength
Assertive: honest, direct and willing to stand up for yourself	O Challenge	0	O O Strength
Composed: think carefully before reacting and resist being impulsive	O Challenge	0	O O Strength
Content: happy and satisfied with your life	O Challenge	0	O O Strength
<b>Empathic:</b> intensely aware of needs and feelings — your own, and other people's	O Challenge	0	O O Strength
<b>Expressive:</b> can communicate your emotions to others in a healthy way	O Challenge	0	O O Strength
Influential: can guide other's emotions in a purposeful way	O Challenge	0	O O Strength

Intimate: build and maintain healthy and close personal relationships



Optimistic: have a positive outlook on life	Challenge	0	0	0	Strength
Perceptive: keenly aware of your emotions and those of other people	Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
<b>Regulated:</b> able to manage your emotions and behavior in a variety of situations	Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
Resilient: can deal with pressure and stress in a healthy way	Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
Motivated: persist and overcome difficulties to achieve goals	<b>C</b> hallenge	0	0	0	O Strength
Connected: build social connections with many different people	Challenge	0	0	0	O Strength
Recommendations The following recommendations are based on your results. Select the ones Developing Emotional Intelligence  Develop a sense of humor and try to make people laugh without puttir down		would v	vork best	for you.	
<ul> <li>Learn to laugh at yourself and endear yourself to others by showing humility</li> <li>Write out your thoughts and create a plan for self-improvement. Make accomplish in the next year</li> <li>Volunteer to help others. This is especially effective if you are able to interest a hermital hampless shelter or retirement center.</li> </ul>					
as at a hospital, homeless shelter, or retirement center  Participate regularly in healthy activities that provide stress relief. Some examples include meditation, exercise, music, playing with a pet or talking with a close friend  Take responsibility for your problems or difficulties. While it is easy to complain or blame others, this rarely leads to a solution. Choose one difficulty you're currently dealing with and figure out how you can take ownership and fix it yourself				leads to a	
<ul> <li>Learn to say No when you mean it. When you say Yes out of guilt, or Ma problems than you solve in that moment. There is no need to be mean can realistically accomplish</li> <li>Practice being grateful. While it is important to take responsibility for d yourself of the good things in your life. Once a week, write down what r place each time, so you can easily review the things you were grateful f</li> <li>Move outside of your own perspective. When you are critical of other potential of the p</li></ul>	or selfish. difficulties, makes you for in the p eople or id	Just be a it is just a thankfu revious v eas, it is	assertive a as import I. Record week often bed	about when to real it in the cause yo	hat you emind same u only see
things from your own perspective. Before judging, ask others why they people's backgrounds and about cultures that differ from your own. Pr questions respectfully, with the goal of learning about others' views, ins	actice liste	ning mo	re than s	peaking	. Ask

# **Career and Pathways**



The careers listed below are all linked to your assessment results, with the careers at the top being the best match for your profile.

### **Intelligences Results**

intelligences Results		
Makeup Artists, Theatrical and Performance	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Aircraft Cargo Handling Supervisors	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Choreographers	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Nannies	Human Services	
First-Line Supervisors of Construction Trades and Extraction Workers	Architecture and Construction	<b>*•••••</b>
First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers	Manufacturing	
Coaches and Scouts	Education and Training	
Transit and Railroad Police	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Ship and Boat Captains	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
First-Line Supervisors of Landscaping, Lawn Service, and Groundskeeping Workers	Architecture and Construction	
Diagnostic Medical Sonographers	Health Science	
Athletes and Sports Competitors	Hospitality and Tourism	
Chefs and Head Cooks	Hospitality and Tourism	
Telecommunications Equipment Installers and Repairers, Except Line Installers	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Pilots, Ship	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
First-Line Supervisors of Retail Sales Workers	Marketing	
First-Line Supervisors of Helpers, Laborers, and Material Movers, Hand	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Dancers	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Vocational Education Teachers, Postsecondary	Education and Training	
Commercial Pilots	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Fire Investigators	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Radiologic Technologists	Health Science	
Correctional Officers and Jailers	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Electro-Mechanical Technicians	Manufacturing	

Solar Energy Installation Managers	Architecture and Construction	
Sound Engineering Technicians	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Forest Fire Fighting and Prevention Supervisors	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Municipal Fire Fighting and Prevention Supervisors	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Directors- Stage, Motion Pictures, Television, and Radio	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Technical Directors/Managers	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Morticians, Undertakers, and Funeral Directors	Human Services	
Magnetic Resonance Imaging Technologists	Health Science	
Fitness and Wellness Coordinators	Education and Training	
Musicians, Instrumental	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
First-Line Supervisors of Correctional Officers	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
First-Line Supervisors of Production and Operating Workers	Manufacturing	
Meeting, Convention, and Event Planners	Business Management and Administration	
Cardiovascular Technologists and Technicians	Health Science	
Actors	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Fitness Trainers and Aerobics Instructors	Human Services	
Audio-Visual and Multimedia Collections Specialists	Education and Training	
Recreation Workers	Hospitality and Tourism	
First-Line Supervisors of Transportation and Material- Moving Machine and Vehicle Operators	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Rotary Drill Operators, Oil and Gas	Architecture and Construction	
Police Patrol Officers	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Career/Technical Education Teachers, Middle School	Education and Training	
Police Detectives	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Food Service Managers	Hospitality and Tourism	
Municipal Firefighters	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Emergency Medical Technicians and Paramedics	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Surgical Technologists	Health Science	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Respiratory Therapists	Health Science	
Commercial Divers	Architecture and Construction	
Refrigeration Mechanics and Installers	Architecture and Construction	
Agents and Business Managers of Artists, Performers, and Athletes	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Subway and Streetcar Operators	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Railroad Conductors and Yardmasters	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Surgical Assistants	Health Science	
Camera Operators, Television, Video, and Motion Picture	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Costume Attendants	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Transportation Security Screeners	Government and Public Administration	
Career/Technical Education Teachers, Secondary School	Education and Training	
Criminal Investigators and Special Agents	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Preschool Teachers, Except Special Education	Education and Training	
Police Identification and Records Officers	Law, Public Safety, Corrections and Security	
Hairdressers, Hairstylists, and Cosmetologists	Human Services	
Athletic Trainers	Health Science	
Flight Attendants	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Millwrights	Architecture and Construction	
First-Line Supervisors of Food Preparation and Serving Workers	Hospitality and Tourism	
Photographers	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Medical Appliance Technicians	Manufacturing	
Dentists, General	Health Science	
Ship Engineers	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Anesthesiologist Assistants	Health Science	
Set and Exhibit Designers	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Radiation Therapists	Health Science	
Manufactured Building and Mobile Home Installers	Architecture and Construction	
Bartenders	Hospitality and Tourism	
Industrial Production Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Occupational Therapy Assistants	Health Science	

Physical Therapist Assistants	Health Science	
Orthotists and Prosthetists	Health Science	
Radiologic Technicians	Health Science	
Solar Thermal Installers and Technicians	Architecture and Construction	
Orthodontists	Health Science	
Hydroelectric Production Managers	Business Management and Administration	
Reservation and Transportation Ticket Agents and Travel Clerks	Hospitality and Tourism	
Occupational Therapy Aides	Health Science	
Government Property Inspectors and Investigators	Government and Public Administration	
Ambulance Drivers and Attendants, Except Emergency Medical Technicians	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Adapted Physical Education Specialists	Education and Training	
Heating and Air Conditioning Mechanics and Installers	Architecture and Construction	
Art Directors	Arts, Audio/Video Technology and Communications	
Robotics Technicians	Manufacturing	
Mates- Ship, Boat, and Barge	Transportation, Distribution and Logistics	
Hearing Aid Specialists	Health Science	
Industrial Engineering Technicians	Manufacturing	
Travel Guides	Hospitality and Tourism	