## **BIOLOGY SYLLABUS FOR INTEGRATED M.SC COURSE - NISER**

Semester 1

B 101 Biology I (Organismic Biology and Cell Biology

BL101 Biology Laboratory

Semester 2

B 201 Biology II (Molecules of living systems

BL201 Biology Laboratory

Semester 3

B 301 Cell Biology
B 302 Microbiology
B 303 Biochemistry
EO 1 Catalysis

BL 301 Microbiology & Cell Biology Lab BL 302 Biochemistry & instrumentation Lab

Semester 4

B 401 Plant physiology B 402 Animal physiology

B 403 Genetics

EO 2 Mathematical Biology

BL 401 Plant & animal physiology lab BL 402 Genetics & instrumentation lab

Semester 5

B 501 Molecular Biology B 502 Immunology

B 503 Developemental Biology

EO 3 Radiation biology & medical physics

BL 501 Molecular Biology lab BL 502 Immunology lab

Semester 6

B 601 Genetic engineering

B 602 Biophysics and structural biology

B 603 Computational biology and bioinformatics

EO 4 Chemical biology
BL 601 Genetic engineering lab
BL 602 Bioinformatics lab

Semester 7

B 701 Evolutionary biology

B 702 Ecology

Elective courses (2 nos)

Project Work

Semester 8

Only Electives (3 nos)

Project Work

Semester 9

Dissertation project Seminar course Optional elective

#### Semester 10

Dissertation project Journal Club Optional elective

B101 Biology I (Credits: 3)

## A. Organismic Biology

Origin of life, chemical evolution and theories of origin of life Diversity of biological species

Evolution of biological species

Classic experiments in biology

Interface of biology and physical sciences

## **B.** Cell Biology

Prokaryotic & eukaryotic cells, plant and animal cells

Cell wall of bacteria, plant and fungal cells

Structure of cell membrane, cytoskeleton

Nucleus and nuclear components – structure & function

Cell division, cell cycle

# **BL 101 Biology Practical I**

(Credits: 2)

Microtomy - sectioning of plant animal tissue, staining, histological observations, preparation and preservation of slides. Use of microscope, Comparative anatomy using stored specimens and deduction of evolutionary relationship. Cell homogenization and isolation of protein, DNA and RNA

B201 Biology II (Credits: 3)

## **Molecules of Living systems**

Water, chemical and physical properties, dissociation constant, PK<sub>a</sub>, p<sup>H</sup>, buffer, buffering capacity

Carbohydrates- classification

Amino acids and proteins: types, zwitter ionic forms, peptide bonds, proteins – primary, secondary and tertiary structures, functions

Nucleic acids – physical, chemical properties, basic units, types.

Lipids – classification, fats, fatty acids.

Other biologically relevant molecules such as vitamins, hormones, trace elements.

## **BL 201 Biology Practical II**

(Credits: 2)

Biochemical analysis of protein, DNA, RNA, carbohydrate and lipids. Paper and thin layer chromatography, Electrophoresis of proteins & DNA.

B301 Cell Biology (Credits-4)

- 1. Overview of Cell biology
- 2. Universal features of cells
- 3. Diversity of genomes
- 4. Overview of cell chemistry
- 5. Visualization of cell, its fine structure and molecules
- 6. The cell membrane and its structure
- 7. Transport across membrane
- 8. Ion channels
- 9. Cellular compartments and function, protein sorting
- 10. Vesicular traffic inside the cells
- 11. Mitochondria and chloroplast and its genetic system
- 12. Cell signaling, receptor, ligands, signaling pathways

- 13. Cytoskeleton of cells, cytoskeleton filaments, molecular motors
- 14. Cell cycle
- 15. Cell division- Mitosis, meiosis and the mechanism of cell division
- 16. Germ cells
- 17. Stem cells
- 18. Cancer cells
- 19. Necrotic & Apoptotic cell death

"Molecular biology of the Cell" by Albert et.al

## **B302 Microbiology**

(Credits-4)

- 1. Overview of Microbial world & development Microbiology as a science
- 2. Isolation, characterization & growth of microorganisms & control of microbial growth (disinfection & sterilization)
- 3. Gross and time structure of bacteria, viruses and eukaryotic Microbes
- 4. Microbial nutrition and physiology
- 5. Microbial genetics
- 6. Microbial evolution and taxonomy
- 7 Microbial ecology, associations and environmental microbiology
- 8. Industrial microbiology- brief over view
- 9. Microbes in health & disease & host parasite relationship
- 10. Microbes in Agriculture, microbial diseases of plants &nitrogen fixation.
- 11. Antibiotics, Antibiotic resistance & their mechanism of action(brief overview)
- 12. Selected organisms: (*E.coli, M.tuberculosis, S. cerevisae,* Cyanobacteria, Plasmodium, Pox Virus, Influenza virus & λ phage)
- 13. Prions: a non-microbial infectious agent
- 14. Genetically modified organisms

#### Recommended Books:-

"Brock Biology of Micro-organisms 10e" Michael M. Madigan, John Martinko, Jack Parker.

#### **B303 BIOCHEMISTRY**

- 1. Overview of Biochemistry
- 2. Amino acids and proteins
- 3. Carbohydrates
- 4. Nucleotides and nucleic acids
- 5. Lipids
- 6. Vitamins
- 7. Hormones
- 8. Protein structure, folding, modification, targeting & degradation
- 9. Protein function: enzymes, enzyme kinetics, enzyme regulation and inhibition
- 10. Metabolism and metabolic pathways
- 11. Glycolysis
- 12. TCA cycle
- 13. Oxidative Phosphorylation
- 14. Photophosphorylation
- 15. Fatty acid degradation
- 16. Carbohydrate biosynthesis (Pentose phosphate pathway)
- 17. Fatty acid synthesis
- 18. Cholesterol of steroid biogenesis
- 19. Amino acid biosynthesis & degradation
- 20. Nucleotide biosynthesis & degradation
- 21. Membrane structure function & transport across membrane
- 22. Biochemistry of signal transduction
- 23. Biochemistry of hormone action

**Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry**, **Fourth Edition** by David L. Nelson (Author), Michael M. Cox (Author)

## **B401 Plant anatomy & physiology**

(Credits-4)

- 1. Overview of plant kingdom
- 2. Gross anatomy of plants
- 3. Plant cell architecture
- 4. Water & plant cells
- 5. Water balance of plants
- 6. Mineral nutrition
- 7. Transport of nutrients
- 8. Photosynthesis
- 9. Phloem translocation
- 10. Respiration
- 11. Nutrient assimilation
- 12. Gene expression and signal transduction
- 13. Cell walls: structure & biosynthesis
- 14. Senescence & programmed cell death
- 15. Phytochrome, photomorphogenesis
- 16. Blue light responses
- 17. Plant growth regulator: auxins, gibberellins, cytokinins, ethylene abscisic acid
- 18. Control of flowering and physiology of plant reproduction, fruit ripening
- 19. Stress physiology and stress resistance
- 20. Plant pathogen interaction

## Recommended Books:-

"Plant Physiology" Taiz & Zeiger Sinauer.

## **B402 Animal Physiology**

(Credits-4)

- 1. Overview of animal anatomy and body plan
- 2. Fundamentals of animal physiology
- 3. Homeostasis
- 4. Biomembranes & transport across membrane
- 5. Membrane potential
- 6. Neurophysiology
- 7. Sensory physiology
- 8. Physiology of muscle
- 9. Cardiovascular systems or cardiac physiology
- 10. Respiratory system access animal phyla & gas exchange
- 11. Excretory systems
- 12. Osmoregulation
- 13. Fluid and acid base balance
- 14. Digestive system
- 15. Endocrine system
- 16. Reproductive system
- 17. Lymphatics and immune system

#### Recommended Books:-

"Animal Physiology", Hill R, Wise G A & Anderson M Sinauer.

#### B403 Genetics (Credits- 4)

- 1. Introduction and overview of genetics
- 2. Information transfer DNA-RNA-Protein/genotype &phenotype

- 3. Eukaryotics & Prokaryotic genes, Pseudogenes
- 4. Cell division- mitosis & meiosis
- 5. Model genetic systems
- 6. Mutation, mutagenesis & mutant selection
- 7. Mendelian inheritance
- 8. Alleles, Complementation
- 9. Deviation from mendelian inheritance, Linkage & Sex-linked inheritance
- 10. Recombination, recombination mapping and mechanism off recombination
- 11. Gene expression and its characterization
- 12. Gene function and phenotype loss of function & gain of function
- 13. Gene interaction suppressors & enhancers redundancy & epistasis
- 14. Bacterial gene regulation
- 15. λ phage
- 16. Eukaryotic gene regulation
- 17. Epigenesis
- 18. Reverse genetics, genomes and genomics
- 19. Elements of human genetics & genetic disorders
- 20. Population genetics
- 21. Immunogenetics
- 22. Genes and Evolution

**Principles of Genetics**, by Eldon J. Gardner (Author), D.Peter Snustad (Editor), Michael J. Simmons (Editor)

# **B501 Molecular Biology**

(Credits-4)

- 1. Molecular biology an overview
- 2. Discovery of DNA as genetic material
- 3. Structure of DNA
- 4. RNAs and their structure & function
- 5. Chromosomes, chromatin and function
- 6. Replication of DNA
- 7. Mutations and their consequences
- 8. Repair of DNA
- 9. Recombination
- 10. Transposons & retroposons
- 11. Transcription
- 12. RNA processing and RNA splicing
- 13. Translation
- 14. Genetic code
- 15. Gene regulation in Prokaryotes
- 16. Gene regulation in Eukaryotes
- 17. Gene regulation during development
- 18. Genomic & evolution of diversity
- 19. Model organisms

#### Recommended Books:-

"Text Molecular Biology of the gene" by Watson et.al Pearson.

#### **B502 Immunology**

- 1. Overview of the Immune system
- 2. Cells and organs of the immune system
- 3. Antigens
- 4. Innate immunity
- 5. Adaptive immune response
- 6. Immunoglobulins- structure and function

- 7. Immunoglobulin genes- Organization and rearrangement
- 8. Antibody diversity
- 9. Antigen antibody reactions
- 10. MHC (antigens and genes)
- 11. Antigen processing & presentation
- 12. T cell receptors, T cell receptor genes & gene rearrangements
- 13. T cell maturation, activation & differentiation
- 14. B cell generation, activation & development
- 15. Self Non-self discrimination (mechanism)
- 16. Clonal selection theory & idiotypic network hypothesis
- 17. Cytokines
- 18. The complement system
- 19. Cell mediated effector response
- 20. Leukocyte migration and inflammation
- 21. Hypersensitive reactions
- 22. Immune regulation
- 23. Immune response to infectious organisms
- 24. Vaccines
- 25. Immunodeficiency diseases (AIDS)
- 26. Autoimmunity
- 27. Transplantation immunology
- 28. Tumour immunology
- 29. Immunotechnology
- 30. Animal models

"Kuby Immunology" by Goldsby, Kindt, and Osborne

## **B503 Developmental Biology**

- 1. Development Biology: Overview
- 2. Developmental genetics
- 3. Cell fate determination in C. elegans
- 4. Gametogenesis
- 5. Fertilization
- 6. Cleavage
- 7. Gastrulation
- 8. Axis formation in amphibian
- 9. Anterior posterior patterning in amphibians
- 10. Anterior posterior patterning in drosophila
- 11. Hox gene and dorsoventral patterning
- 12. Early mammalian development
- 13. Left right patterning
- 14. Plant embryogenesis
- 15. Patterning in early embryo- plant homeotics in flowers
- 16. Plant homeotics- overview
- 17. Patterning in Central nervous system
- 18. Ectoderm-eye development, epidermis, hair development, neural crest, tooth development and axon guidance
- 19. Mesoderm- somites, development of muscle, bone, kidney, heart and vessels, formation of limbs
- 20. Endoderm
- 21. Sex determination in Drosophila, mammals and other species
- 22. Regeneration
- 23. Environmental regulation and development
- 24. Aging & Senescence
- 25. Infertility

- 26. Cancer as a developmental disease
- 27. Death and the end of development

"Developmental biology" by Scott Gilbert

## **B601 Genetic Engineering**

(Credits-4)

- 1. Growth and maintenance of bacterial cultures, bacteriophages plasmids
- 2. Growth and maintenance of animal cells and viruses
- 3. Mutation, mutagenesis and mutant screening
- 4. Enzymes used in genetic engineering experiments, DNA polymerases, ligase, reverse transcriptase, restriction endonucleases and other enzymes
- 5. Oligonucleotides synthesis & purification
- 6. Antisense DNA/RNA in genetic engineering
- 7. Radiolabelling of nucleic acids
- 8. Transformation & transfection
- 9. Construction of genomic & cDNA library
- 10. Genomic DNA & cDNA cloning
- 11. Analysis of DNA of cloned genes
- 12. Analysis of protein sequencing products & cloned genes
- 13. Nucleic acid & protein sequencing technology
- 14. Protein nucleic interaction and the methods to study those
- 15. Polymerase Chain Reactions, types of PCRs and analysis of PCR products; Application of PCRs.
- 16. Site directed mutagenesis
- 17. Recombination, site specific recombination
- 18. Transgenic plants
- 19. Transgenic animals
- 20. Other transgenic life forms
- 21. Ethics and economics of GM crops and GM organisms

## **B602 Biophysics and structural biology**

(Credits-4)

**STRUCTURE**: Scope and definition of Biophysics. Biophysics at macroscopic, microscopic level and at the molecular level. Biophysical Chemistry: structure of atoms, molecules; energy, structure of atoms and molecules, elementary quantum mechanics, stereochemistry, molecular orbitals & chirality.

**PHYSICAL INSTRUMENTS AND METHODS IN BIOLOGY**: Diffusion, sedimentation, electrophoresis, separation techniques, Biomolecular structure determination using X-ray diffraction, electron microscopy, IR - Raman and laser spectrometry, UV-visible spectroscopy, CD, ORD, NMR, model building, computer simulation and graphics.

**MACROMOLECULAR STRUCTURE**: Structure of proteins. nucleic acids; membranes, action of other biologically important molecules and molecular assemblies like ribosomes, nucleosomes; functional significance of structure.

**CONFORMATIONAL ANALYSIS:** Van der Waals radii of atoms (equilibrium separation between non covalently bonded atoms) –contact distance criteria; Noncovalent forces determining biopolymer structure; dispersion; forces; electrostatic interations; van der Waals interactions; hydrogen bonds; hydrophobic interactions; distortional energies; description of various interactions by potential functions; principles of minimization of conformational energy.

**PRINICPLES OF PROTEIN STRUCTURE:** Structural implications of the peptide bond; rigid planar peptide unit; cis and trans configuration; conformations of a pair of linked peptide units;

torsion angles phi and psi -steric hindrance; hardsphere approximation; allowed and disallowed conformations; Ramachandran Diagram; conformational maps for glycine and other natural amino acids; conformationally constrained amino acids and their importance.

**THE NERVOUS SYSTEM:** Membrane potentials; origins of membrane potential; electrochemical potentials; Donnan equilibrium; Nernst equation; Goldman equation. Membrane transport; diffusion; facilitated diffusion; membrane transport proteins; carrier mediated transport; channel mediated transport.

**RADIATION PHYSICS:** Radiation Quantities; units and definitions; Radiation measurement; Radiation Biology of Normal tissue system; Biological effects of ionizing radiation; structural changes in chromosomes; Gene muatation; metabolism and biological effects of radionuclide; Radiation hazards; Evaluation control and regulatory aspects of radiological safety; disposal of radioactive waste; Physics of laser - different types of lasers - biomedical applications -C.T.scan - ultra sonography. NMR Imaging - Principles - Applications.

**COMPUTERS IN BIOLOGY:** Use of computers in sequence analysis and structure analysis – sequence projects structure projects – definitions– structural and functional genomics. The digital nature of biological information – elements of molecular biology – the transfer of information in biological systems –representation of biological molecules as strings of symbols – correspondences to other branches of computation, including computational linguistics, pattern recognition, image processing, etc. Elements of computer science – hardware – software – hierarchies in software –operating systems and application software – algorithms and computational complexity –examples – travelling salesman problem – protein folding problem – the internet.

DATABASES AND ALGORITHMS FOR ANALYSIS OF SEQUENCE: Computer databases – bio molecular databases – sequence databases – structural databases – details of organisation, access and deposition – derived and specialised databases - data mining -homology v/s similarity – dot matrices – sequence comparison using Needleman and Wunsch method – Hash coding – BLAST and FASTA – Structure analysis – distance matrices –examples.

**CRYSTALLOGRAPHY:** External features and symmetry – unit cell and Miller indices – seven crystal systems – Bravais lattices – point groups and space groups – X-ray diffraction – Bragg's law –Generation, detection and properties of X-rays-choice of radiation, synchrotron radiation Powder photographs – interpretation of powder photograph – ASTM index. Theory of diffraction by helical structures and application to alpha-helix and DNA.

## Recommended Books:-

- 1. Introductory Biophysics , V. Pattabhi & N. Gautham, Narosa Publications (1999).
- 2. Radiation Biophysics, E. L. Alpen, Prentice-Hall, New Jersey, USA, (1990).
- 3. Introduction to Bioinformatics. T.K. Attwood and D.J. Parry-Smith, Addison Wesley Longman Ltd. (1999).
- 4. Bioinformatics Data bases and Algorithms N. Gautham, Narosa Publications (2006).
- 5. X-ray Structure Determination, G.H. Stout and L.H. Jensen, John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York (1989).
- 6. The Basics of Crystallography & Diffraction, C. Hammond, IUCr Oxford University Press (1997).

## **B603 Computational Biology & Bioinformatics**

- 1. Introduction to computational biology & bioinformatics
- 2. Genomics & proteomics
- 3. Database searching
- 4. Multiple sequencing alignment &Database making
- Phylogenetics

- 6. Comparative genomics
- 7. Locating coding regions
- 8. Pattern matching/position specific scoring matrices
- 9. Proteomics & mass spectrometry
- 10. Hidden Markov Model
- 11. Gene patenting
- 12. Biomarker discovery for clinical mass spectra
- 13. Protein structure
- 14. Structure bioinformatics (Homology modeling)
- 15. Molecular dynamics
- 16. Spatially realistic computational physiology
- 17. Drug design
- 18. Vaccine design
- 19. Human Genome Project
- 20. System Biology

## Compulsory-

1. Introduction to Bioinformatics by Arthur M. Lesk, University of Cambridge.

#### Optional-

- 2. Learning the UNIX Operating System, Fifth Edition by Peek, Jerry; Todino- Gonguet, Grace; Strang, John.
- 3. Beginning Perl for Bioinformatics, 1st edition by O'Reilly & Associates, Inc. Sebastopol, CA, USA.

## **B701 Evolutionary Biology**

(Credits-4)

(Credits-4)

- 1. Introduction to evolutionary Biology
- 2. Classification, Phylogeny & the tree of life
- 3. Patterns of evolution
- 4. Evolution & fossil record
- 5. History of life on earth
- 6. Geography of evolution
- 7. Evolution of biodiversity
- 8. Genetic variation
- 9. Phenotypic variation
- 10. Genetic drift
- 11. Natural selection and adaptation
- 12. Genetic theory of natural selection
- 13. Evolution of phenotypic traits
- 14. Conflict and cooperation
- 15. Species and speciation
- 16. Reproductive success
- 17. Co-evolution- interactions amongst species
- 18. Evolution of genes and genomics
- 19. Evolution and development
- 20. Macroevolution
- 21. Evolution & society
- 22. Human evolution

#### Recommended Books:-

"Evolution" by D. J. Futuyma.

B702 Ecology

1. Overview of ecology

9

- 2. Ecological setting the biogeography of the earth & the climatic zones of the earth
- 3. The individual
- 4. Autecology-single species ecology
- 5. Population and population dynamics
- 6. Regulation of population
- 7. Ecological genetics
- 8. Behavioral ecology
- 9. Sociobiology
- 10. The environment
- 11. Habitats and niches
- 12. Trophic levels
- 13. Energy transfer
- 14. Nutrient cycling and pollution
- 15. Communities
- 16. Ecosystems
- 17. Succession
- 18. Biomes
- 19. Co-evolution
- 20. Conservation
- 21. Human ecology
- 22. Evolution ecology, mass extinction & their reasons
- 23. Climate change
- 24. Ecological studies of Chilka lake, Bhitarkanika biosphere reserves (Saturday visits)
- 25. Olive Ridley turtle and their preservation
- 26. Biodiversity and its maintenance

"Ecology-Principles and Applications" by Chapman and Reiss Cambridge

## **Biology Practical**

- BL 101 Biology Practical I
- BL 201 Biology Practical II
- BL301 Microbiology & Cell Biology laboratory
- BL302 Biochemistry & instrumentation laboratory
- BL401 Plant & animal laboratory
- BL402 Genetics & instrumentation lab
- BL501 Molecular biology laboratory
- BL502 Immunology lab
- BL601 Genetic engineering lab
- **BL602** Bioinformatics laboratory

#### Electives (Details to be worked out later)

- 1. Mathematical biology
- 2. Virology
- 3. Neurobiology
- 4. Advanced Immunology
- 5. Conservation Biology
- 5. Genomics & Proteomics
- 6. Molecular Evolution
- 7. Animal Behavior
- 8. Endocrinology
- 9. Bio-nanotechnology
- 10. Molecular Medicine
- 11. Cell signaling
- 12. Stem Cell Biology & Regenerative Medicine

- 13. Enzymology
- 14. Systems Biology 15. Ecosystem & Modeling
- 16. Cancer Biology
- 17. Infection Biology
- 18. Bio safety
- 19. Intellectual property Rights
- 20. Vaccinology21. Radiation biology & medical physics
- 22. Chemical biology