Psychology is considered both a natural science as well as a social science. A natural science because it relies on science and attempts to formulate theories as well as facts. Whatever you read in psychology books was written because it was proved by someone who did a research on it. And it being science, the steps of the research are documented and hence, anyone can replicate those steps to take up that research again.

After graduation, one can opt for an MA or MSc in Psychology, Social work or Counselling. Specialisations in the subject can be pursued at the post graduate level or at the doctoral level-M. Phil or Ph.D., after post-graduation. At the master's and doctoral level, education becomes increasingly specialised. Post graduate courses in psychology are offered only to students who have graduated with psychology. Post graduate and doctoral degrees in Psychology puts emphasis on research.

Scope: Psychologists specialize in a host of different areas within the field and identify themselves by many different labels. It has a great scope.

Psychology Opportunities:

The candidates those who have completed their psychology course can easily secure a psychology job in any of the hospitals / schools / welfare organizations in various countries.

## Salary range

The remunerations of psychologists differ on the basis of qualification, skill and employment sector. At the entry level, a psychologist may earn a monthly income in the range of about Rs. 10,000/- to Rs. 15,000/-. With experience and skill in the field, the pay scale may reach to Rs. 60,000/- within 2 - 3 years. For those employed in foreign countries, at the starting stage itself they can earn a monthly salary nearly in the range of Rs. 75,000/- to 1 lakh.

These are the various specialisations in psychology:

Clinical psychologists assess and treat mental, emotional and behavioral disorders. These range from short-term crises, such as difficulties resulting from adolescent conflicts, to more severe, chronic conditions, such as schizophrenia.

Cognitive and perceptual psychologists study human perception, thinking, and memory. Cognitive psychologists are interested in questions such as how the mind represents reality, how people learn and how people understand and produce language. Cognitive psychologists also study reasoning, judgment and decision making.

Community psychologists work to strengthen the abilities of communities, settings, organizations and broader social systems to meet people's needs. They help people access resources and collaborate with others to improve their lives and communities.

Counseling psychologists help people recognize their strengths and resources to cope with everyday problems and serious adversity. They do counseling/psychotherapy, teaching, and

scientific research with individuals of all ages, families, and organizations (e.g., schools, hospitals, businesses).

Developmental psychologists study the psychological development of the human being that takes place throughout life.

Environmental psychologists study the dynamics of person-environment interactions. They define the term environment very broadly, including all that is natural on the planet as well as built environments, social settings, cultural groups and informational environments.

Forensic psychologists apply psychological principles to legal issues. Their expertise is often essential within the judicial system.

Health psychologists specialize in how biological, psychological and social factors affect health and illness. They study how patients handle illness, why some people don't follow medical advice and the most effective ways to control pain or change poor health habits.

Sports psychologists' help athletes refine their focus on competition goals, become more motivated, and learn to deal with the anxiety and fear of failure that often accompanies competition.

Please click on the link given below to gather more information about the career - https://www.univariety.com/career/Psychology/b5cbc662

You can even watch this webinar video to learn more about the importance of Psychology - https://www.univariety.com/app/webinar/watch\_event?event=5833980487291915266